#### **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 10-Q (Mark One)

<b>☑</b> QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1	3 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURIT	TES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the quart	erly period end	ed September 3	0, 2022	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITI	IES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the transition perio	d from	1	to	
Com	mission file nun	nber <u>001-39587</u>		
		LDING CO specified in its ch		
Delaware	o .	•	87-1240344	
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization	tion)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
349 Oyster Point Boulevard	ŕ		94080	
South San Francisco, California			34000	
(Address of principal executive offices)			(Zip Code)	
(Registrant's	<b>(650) 938-</b> telephone numb	<b>6300</b> er, including area	a code)	
(T	Not applie			
(Former name, former addr	ess and former f	iscal year, if chan	iged since last report)	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:				
Title of each class	Trading	Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on wh	ich registered
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	]	ME	The Nasdaq Global Select	t Market
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reduring the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that requirements for the past 90 days. ⊠ Yes □ No				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted el Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding ☑ Yes □ No				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large acceler emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accompany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	rated filer, an ac elerated filer," '	celerated filer, a 'accelerated filer	non-accelerated filer, a smaller report;" "smaller reporting company," and	ting company, or ar "emerging growth
Large accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$	Accelerated file	r	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reportin	ng company	
		Emerging growt	th company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the provided pursuant to So				olying with any new
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company	(as defined in F	Rule 12b-2 of the	Exchange Act). ☐ Yes ☒ No	
As of October 31, 2022, there were 286,738,037 shares of Class	A common stoc	k, \$0.0001 par va	alue per share, and 168,746,745 shares	of Class B commor

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#### CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Form 10-Q"), including, without limitation, statements under the headings "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act"). Generally, statements that are not historical facts, including statements concerning 23andMe Holding Co.'s (the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") possible or assumed future actions, business strategies, events, or results of operations, are forward-looking statements. In some instances, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including, without limitation, words like "believes," "estimates," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "may," "will," "potential," "projects," "continue," or "should," or, in each case, their negative or other variations or comparable terminology. There can be no assurance that actual results will not materially differ from expectations.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q are based on our current expectations and beliefs, which we believe to be reasonable, concerning future developments and their potential effects on us. Future developments affecting us may not be those that we have anticipated. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties (some of which are beyond our control), and other assumptions that may cause actual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, those factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on May 27, 2022, as amended by Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on August 9, 2022 (the "Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K") and our subsequent reports filed with the SEC. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of our assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. We caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that our actual results of operations, financial condition, and liquidity, and developments in the industry in which we operate may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q. In addition, even if our results or operations, financial condition, and liquidity, and developments in the industry in which we operate are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q, those results or developments may not be indicative of results or developments in subsequent periods.

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements

## 23ANDME HOLDING CO. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)           ASSETS           Current assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 410,891         \$ 553,182           Restricted cash         1,599         1,599           Accounts receivable, net (related party amounts of \$50,001 and nil as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively)         52,883         3,380           Inventories         13,806         10,789           Deferred cost of revenue         6,786         7,700           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         20,240         25,139	(in thousands, except share and per share data)	September 30, 2022			March 31, 2022
Current assets:         Cash and cash equivalents       \$ 410,891       \$ 553,182         Restricted cash       1,599       1,599         Accounts receivable, net (related party amounts of \$50,001 and nil as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively)       52,883       3,380         Inventories       13,806       10,789         Deferred cost of revenue       6,786       7,700         Prepaid expenses and other current assets       20,240       25,139		(Un	naudited)	-	
Cash and cash equivalents       \$ 410,891       \$ 553,182         Restricted cash       1,599       1,599         Accounts receivable, net (related party amounts of \$50,001 and nil as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively)       52,883       3,380         Inventories       13,806       10,789         Deferred cost of revenue       6,786       7,700         Prepaid expenses and other current assets       20,240       25,139	ASSETS				
Restricted cash1,5991,599Accounts receivable, net (related party amounts of \$50,001 and nil as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively)52,8833,380Inventories13,80610,789Deferred cost of revenue6,7867,700Prepaid expenses and other current assets20,24025,139					
Accounts receivable, net (related party amounts of \$50,001 and nil as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively)  Inventories  Deferred cost of revenue  Prepaid expenses and other current assets  Accounts receivable, net (related party amounts of \$50,001 and nil as of September 30, 2022 and 52,883  3,380  10,789  20,240  25,139	•	\$		\$	
March 31, 2022, respectively)       52,883       3,380         Inventories       13,806       10,789         Deferred cost of revenue       6,786       7,700         Prepaid expenses and other current assets       20,240       25,139			1,599		1,599
Deferred cost of revenue6,7867,700Prepaid expenses and other current assets20,24025,139			52,883		3,380
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 20,240 25,139	Inventories		13,806		10,789
	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		-, -		25,139
Total current assets 506,205 601,789	Total current assets		506,205		601,789
Property and equipment, net 44,057 49,851	Property and equipment, net		44,057		49,851
Operating lease right-of-use assets 51,888 55,577	Operating lease right-of-use assets		51,888		55,577
Restricted cash, noncurrent 6,974 6,974	Restricted cash, noncurrent		,		6,974
Internal-use software, net 11,507 9,635	Internal-use software, net		11,507		9,635
Intangible assets, net 64,928 73,905	Intangible assets, net		64,928		73,905
Goodwill 351,744 351,744	Goodwill		351,744		351,744
Other assets 3,429 2,593	Other assets		3,429		2,593
Total assets \$ 1,040,732 \$ 1,152,068	Total assets	\$	1,040,732	\$	1,152,068
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			-	
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable (related party amounts of \$3,652 and \$12,567 as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively) \$ 10,549 \$ 37,930		\$	10,549	\$	37,930
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (related party amounts of \$2,763 and \$5,772 as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively)  44,588			44,420		44.588
Deferred revenue (related party amounts of \$35,993 and \$9,181 as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively) 81,923 62,939	Deferred revenue (related party amounts of \$35,993 and \$9,181 as of September 30, 2022 and March		81.923		62.939
Operating lease liabilities 8,014 7,784					
Total current liabilities 144,906 153,241				-	
Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent 73,867 78,524					
Other liabilities 2,639 4,647	. •				
Total liabilities \$ 221,412 \$ 236,412		\$		\$	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)	Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)	-	<u> </u>		
Stockholders' equity					
Common Stock - Class A shares, par value \$0.0001, 1,140,000,000 shares authorized as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, 266,937,775 and 228,174,718 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively; Class B shares, par value \$0.0001, 350,000,000 shares authorized as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, 188,515,261 and 220,637,603 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022,	Common Stock - Class A shares, par value \$0.0001, 1,140,000,000 shares authorized as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, 266,937,775 and 228,174,718 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively; Class B shares, par value \$0.0001, 350,000,000 shares authorized as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, 188,515,261 and				
respectively 45 45			45		45
Additional paid-in capital 2,167,968 2,110,160			2,167,968		2,110,160
Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,632 179			1,632		179
Accumulated deficit (1,350,325) (1,194,728)	Accumulated deficit		(1,350,325)		(1,194,728)
Total stockholders' equity 819,320 915,656	Total stockholders' equity				915,656
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 1,040,732 \$ 1,152,068	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,040,732	\$	1,152,068

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## 23ANDME HOLDING CO. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Six Montl Septem		
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenue (related party amounts of \$14,925 and \$10,002 for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$23,190 and \$21,212 for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)	\$	75.659	\$	55,204	\$	140,172	\$	114,443
Cost of revenue (related party amounts of \$(271) and \$(184) for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$(510) and \$264 for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)		37,386		27,276		76,409		55,818
Gross profit	_	38,273	_	27,928	-	63.763	-	58,625
Operating expenses:		30,2/3		27,920		03,/03		50,025
Research and development (related party amounts of \$2,717 and \$5,864 for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$6,266 and \$11,886 for the six months ended								
September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)		52,598		44,523		104,607		88,755
Sales and marketing		24,835		13,588		58,269		29,007
General and administrative		28,881		16,264		58,524		28,860
Total operating expenses		106,314		74,375		221,400		146,622
Loss from operations		(68,041)		(46,447)		(157,637)		(87,997)
Other income (expense):								
Interest income, net		1,392		92		1,637		136
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		_		29,828		_		29,294
Other income (expense), net		(687)		3		(1,122)		17
Loss before income taxes		(67,336)		(16,524)		(157,122)		(58,550)
Benefit from income taxes		1,271		<u> </u>		1,525		<u> </u>
Net loss	\$	(66,065)	\$	(16,524)	\$	(155,597)	\$	(58,550)
Other comprehensive income		829		_		1,453		_
Total comprehensive loss	\$	(65,236)	\$	(16,524)	\$	(154,144)	\$	(58,550)
Net loss per share of Class A and Class B common stock attributable to common stockholders:								
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.35)	\$	(0.20)
Weighted-average shares used to compute net loss per share:								
Basic and diluted	_	449,899,537	_	406,886,060	_	448,211,708		288,190,872

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

# 23ANDME HOLDING CO. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

			(1	J <b>naudited)</b>					
		ble Convertible erred Stock	Comm	on Stock	Additional Paid-In	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income (Loss)	Deficit	Equity	
Balance as of March 31, 2022	_	\$ —	448,812,321	\$ 45	\$ 2,110,160	\$ 179	\$ (1,194,728)	\$ 915,656	
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	_	_	1,065,784	_	1,533	_	_	1,533	
Issuance of common stock upon release of RSUs	_	_	1,461,448	_	_	_	_	_	
Net share settlements for stock-based minimum tax withholdings	_	_	(14,036)	_	_	_	_	_	
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	_	_	25,915	_	_	25,915	
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	624	_	624	
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(89,532)	(89,532)	
Balance as of June 30, 2022		\$ —	451,325,517	\$ 45	\$ 2,137,608	\$ 803	\$ (1,284,260)	\$ 854,196	
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	_	_	1,430,629	_	2,498	_	_	2,498	
Issuance of common stock upon release of RSUs	_	_	1,580,591	_	_	_	_	_	
Net share settlements for stock-based minimum tax withholdings	_	_	(14,038)	_	(86)	_	_	(86)	
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	_	_	1,130,337	_	3,238	_	_	3,238	
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	_	_	24,710	_	_	24,710	
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	829	_	829	
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(66,065)	(66,065)	
Balance as of September 30, 2022		\$ —	455,453,036	\$ 45	\$ 2,167,968	\$ 1,632	\$ (1,350,325)	\$ 819,320	

	Redeemable C Preferred Shares		Comm	nmon Stock Paid Amount Capi		Additional Paid-In Capital	Co	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Loss		Accumulated Deficit		Total tockholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance as of March 31, 2021	209,181,855	\$ 837,351	124,529,78 4	\$ 1	12	\$ 381,607	\$	_	\$	(977,238)	\$	(595,619)
Preferred stock conversion	(209,181,855)	(837,351	209,181,85	2	21	837,330		_		_		837,351
Issuance of common stock upon Merger (net of transaction costs of \$33,726)	_	_	46,901,747		5	200,574		_		_		200,579
Issuance of Private Investment in Public Equity ("PIPE") shares (related party amount of \$25,000)	_	_	25,000,000		3	249,997		_		_		250,000
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	_	_	818,479	-	_	2,553		_		_		2,553
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	_	-	_	9,704		_		_		9,704
Net loss	_	_	_	-	_	_		_		(42,026)		(42,026)
Balance as of June 30, 2021		\$ —	406,431,86 5	\$ 4	<b>4</b> 1	\$ 1,681,765	\$	_	\$	(1,019,264)	\$	662,542
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	_	_	736,717		_	2,905				_		2,905
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	_	-	_	10,588				_		10,588
Net loss					_			_		(16,524)		(16,524)
Balance as of September 30, 2021		\$ <u> </u>	407,168,58	\$ 4	<u>41</u>	\$ 1,695,258	\$	_	\$	(1,035,788)	\$	659,511

 $\label{eq:companying} \textit{ notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.} \\ 7$ 

# 23ANDME HOLDING CO. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (Unaudited)

		Six Months Ende	d Septe	September 30,		
		2022		2021		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net loss	\$	(155,597)	\$	(58,550)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		16,747		8,402		
Amortization and impairment of internal-use software		2,078		1,106		
Stock-based compensation expense		59,430		20,064		
Changes in fair value of warrant liabilities		_		(29,294)		
Gain on sale of fixed assets		4		42		
Gain on lease termination		_		(15)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable (related party amounts of \$(50,001) and \$(25,000) for the six months ended September				(= , == a)		
30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)		(49,502)		(24,226)		
Inventories		(3,017)		(11,494)		
Deferred cost of revenue		914		(44)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		4,899		(5,360)		
Operating right-of-use assets		3,689		3,496		
Other assets		(834)		(654)		
Accounts payable (related party amounts of \$(8,915) and \$(4,422) for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)		(26,968)		(997)		
Accrued and other current liabilities (related party amounts of \$(3,009) and \$5,545 for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)		(10,367)		(2,276)		
Deferred revenue (related party amounts of \$26,812 and \$3,788 for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)		18,984		(3,574)		
Operating lease liabilities		(4,426)		(3,696)		
Other liabilities		(2,008)		45		
Net cash used in operating activities		(145,974)		(107,025)		
Cash flows from investing activities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Purchases of property and equipment		(1,945)		(1,810)		
Prepayment for intangible assets				(5,500)		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		2		1		
Capitalized internal-use software costs		(3,008)		(1,807)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(4,951)		(9,116)		
Cash flows from financing activities:		( ) /		(=, =)		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		3,944		5,624		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan		3,238				
Payments of deferred offering costs				(30,642)		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon merger		_		309,720		
Proceeds from PIPE (related party amounts of nil and \$25,000 for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively)		_		250,000		
Net cash provided by financing activities		7,182		534,702		
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		1,452		354,702		
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	_	(142,291)		418,561		
` ' ' ' '		561,755		290,862		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash—beginning of period						
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash—end of period		419,464		709,423		
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:						
Purchases of property and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued expenses		762		34		
Stock-based compensation capitalized for internal-use software costs		1,320		437		
Reclassification of deferred offering costs		_		3,971		
Assumption of merger warrants liability		_		75,415		
Conversion of redeemable convertible preferred stock to common stock		_		837,351		
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash within the condensed consolidated balance sheets to the amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows above:						
Cash and cash equivalents		410,891		701,050		
Restricted cash, current		1,599		1,399		
Restricted cash, noncurrent		6,974		6,974		
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	419,464	\$	709,423		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

### 23ANDME HOLDING CO. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### 1. Organization and Description of Business

23andMe Holding Co. (the "Company") is dedicated to helping people access, understand, and benefit from the human genome. The Company pioneered direct-to-consumer genetic testing through its Personal Genome Service® ("PGS") products and services. Customers receive reports that provide them with information on their genetic health risks, their ancestry, and their traits, based on genetic testing of a saliva sample they send to the Company in an easy-to-use "spit kit" provided by the Company. Customers have the option to participate in the Company's research programs. The Company analyzes consenting customers' genotypic and phenotypic data to discover new insights into genetics. The Company uses these insights to generate new PGS reports, and, through its therapeutics business and collaborations with pharmaceutical companies, nonprofit institutions and universities, to discover and advance new therapies for unmet medical needs. The Company acquired Lemonaid Health, Inc. ("Lemonaid" or "Lemonaid Health") in November 2021 (the "Lemonaid Acquisition"), which offers patients affordable and direct online access to medical care, from consultation through treatment, for a number of common conditions, using evidence-based guidelines and up-to-date clinical protocols to deliver quality patient care. Lemonaid Health's telehealth platform provides patients with easy access to medical consultation and treatment, which enhances the Company's ability to bring better healthcare and wellness offerings to patients.

23andMe, Inc., the Company's accounting predecessor, was incorporated in Delaware in 2006. The Company is headquartered in South San Francisco, California. The Company's predecessor, VG Acquisition Corp. ("VGAC"), was a blank check company originally incorporated in 2020 as a Cayman Islands exempted company. On June 16, 2021 (the "Closing Date"), VGAC and Chrome Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly owned direct subsidiary of VGAC ("Merger Sub"), consummated a merger with 23andMe, Inc. (the "Merger"), whereby Merger Sub merged with and into 23andMe, Inc., with 23andMe, Inc. being the surviving corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. In connection with the Merger, VGAC changed its jurisdiction of incorporation from the Cayman Islands to the State of Delaware and changed its name to 23andMe Holding Co. (the "Domestication" and, together with the Merger, the "Business Combination").

The Company has evaluated how it is organized and managed and has identified two reporting segments: Consumer and Research Services, and Therapeutics.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, and variable interest entities in which it holds a controlling financial interest. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

For the six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company had operations primarily in the United States and insignificant operations in the United Kingdom. For the six months ended September 30, 2021, the Company had operations entirely in the United States.

There have been no changes to the Company's significant accounting policies described in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 that have had a material impact on these condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes.

#### Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 and for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 and accompanying notes, are unaudited. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements (the "condensed consolidated financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with GAAP applicable to interim financial statements. These financial statements are presented in accordance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and do not include all disclosures normally required in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. As such, the information included herein should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022 (the "audited consolidated financial statements") that were included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on May 27, 2022, as amended by Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on August 9, 2022. In management's opinion, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the annual financial statements, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the Company's financial position as of September 30, 2022 and its condensed consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year ending March 31, 2023 or any other future interim or annual periods.

As a result of the Merger, prior period share and per share amounts presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and these related notes have been retroactively converted.

#### Fiscal Year

The Company's fiscal year ends on March 31. References to fiscal year 2023 and 2022 refer to the fiscal years ending and ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period and the accompanying notes. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include, but are not limited to the determination of standalone selling price for various performance obligations; the estimated expected benefit period for the rate and recognition pattern of breakage revenue for purchases where a saliva collection kit ("Kit") is never returned for processing; the capitalization and estimated useful life of internal use software; the useful life of long-lived assets; fair value of intangible assets acquired in business combinations; the carrying value of goodwill; the incremental borrowing rate for operating leases; stock-based compensation including the determination of the fair value of stock options, as well as the Company's common stock prior to the Closing Date of the Merger; and the valuation of deferred tax assets and uncertain tax positions. The Company bases these estimates on historical and anticipated results, trends, and various other assumptions that it believes are reasonable under the circumstances, including assumptions as to future events. Actual results could differ from these estimates, and such differences could be material to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic has created significant global economic uncertainty and resulted in the slowdown of economic activity. COVID-19 has disrupted the Company's general business operations since March 2020 and the Company expects that such disruption will continue for an unknown period. As the Company continues to closely monitor the COVID-19 pandemic, its top priority remains protecting the health and safety of the Company's employees. Safety guidelines and procedures, including enhanced sanitization and air filtration, have been developed for on-site employees and these policies are regularly monitored. The Company is not aware of any specific event or circumstance that would require revisions to estimates, updates to judgments, or adjustments to the carrying value of assets or liabilities. These estimates may change, as new events occur and additional information is obtained, and will be recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements as soon as they become known. Actual results could differ from those estimates and any such differences may be material to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Concentration of Supplier Risk

Certain of the raw materials, components and equipment associated with the deoxyribonucleic acid ("DNA") microarrays and Kits used by the Company in the delivery of its services are available only from third-party suppliers. The Company also relies on a third-party laboratory service for the processing of its customer samples. Shortages and slowdowns could occur in these essential materials, components, equipment, and laboratory services due to an interruption of supply or increased demand in the industry. If the Company were unable to procure certain materials, components, equipment, or laboratory services at acceptable prices, it would be required to reduce its laboratory operations, which could have a material adverse effect on its results of operations.

A single supplier accounted for 100% of the Company's total purchases of microarrays and a separate single supplier accounted for 100% of the Company's total purchases of Kits for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. One laboratory service provider accounted for 100% of the Company's processing of customer samples for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk include cash, cash equivalents, and accounts receivable. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents with high-quality financial institutions in the United States, the composition and maturities of which are regularly monitored by the Company. The Company's revenue and accounts receivable are derived primarily from the United States. See Revenue Recognition within Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," for additional information regarding geographical disaggregation of revenue. The Company grants credit to its customers in the normal course of business, performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers, and does not require collateral. The Company regularly monitors the aging of accounts receivable balances.

Significant customer information is as follows:

	September 30, 2022	March 31, 2022
Percentage of accounts receivable:		
Customer B	95 %	0%
Customer C	3%	25%
Customer F	1%	19%
Customer G	0%	44 %

	Three Months Ende	ed September 30,	Six Months Ended September 30,				
	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Percentage of revenue:							
Customer C	23%	27%	19 %	20 %			
Customer B	20%	18%	17 %	19 %			

#### Revenue Recognition

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("Topic 606"), the Company recognizes revenue when its customer obtains control of promised goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration, which the Company expects to receive in exchange for transferring the products or services to a customer ("transaction price"). The transaction price includes various forms of variable consideration, as discussed below. In general, the transaction price is paid by customers at contract inception.

For contracts with multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price ("SSP") price basis. The SSP is determined at contract inception and is not updated to reflect changes between contract inception and when the performance obligations are satisfied. Determining the SSP for performance obligations requires significant judgment. The SSP for each performance obligation is based on the prices at which the Company separately sells the products and services. If an observable price from stand-alone sales is not available, the Company uses the adjusted market assessment approach, using reasonably available information and applicable inputs, to estimate the selling price of each performance obligation.

#### PGS

The Company generates PGS revenue by providing customers with a broad suite of genetic reports, including information on customers' genetic ancestral origins, personal genetic health risks, and chances of passing on certain rare carrier conditions to their children, as well as reports on how genetics can impact responses to medication.

The Company's contracts with customers for PGS services include multiple performance obligations: (1) initial ancestry reports, (2) ancestry updates, (3) initial health reports, (4) health updates, and (5) subscriptions for extended health insights with access to exclusive reports and features. The transaction price for PGS revenue includes the amount of fixed consideration the Company expects to receive, as well as variable consideration related to refunds. The Company estimates the amount of variable consideration that should be included in the transaction price using the expected value method.

The Company bases its estimates of variable consideration related to refunds on historical data and other information. Estimates include: (i) timing of the returns and fees incurred, (ii) pricing adjustments related to returns and fees, and (iii) the quantity of product that will be returned in the future. Significant judgment is used in determining the appropriateness of these assumptions at each reporting period. Provisions for returns are based on service-level return rates and recent unprocessed return claims, as well as relevant market events and other factors.

The Company estimates the amount of sales that may be refunded and records the estimate as a reduction of revenue and a refund liability in the period the related PGS revenue is recognized. Based on the distribution model for PGS services and the nature of the services being provided, the Company believes there will be minimal refunds and has not experienced material historical refunds.

Revenue is recognized at a point in time upon delivery of the initial ancestry reports and initial health reports to the customer, as the customer obtains control when the report is received.

Revenue is recognized over time for ancestry updates and health updates over the period the customer is estimated to remain active. The Company estimates this period based on the historical average period that the customer continues to engage with the available report updates after the delivery of the initial reports. These updates are provided to the customer, when and if available, throughout the estimated period of activity during which the customer interacts with the PGS service. The Company re-evaluates these estimates at the end of each reporting period and adjusts accordingly. The Company has determined that access to the updates, when and if available, that are provided over the estimated period qualifies as a series of distinct goods or services, for which revenue is recognized ratably over the period estimated by the Company.

Subscription revenue for extended health insights is recognized ratably over the contractual subscription period as the customer benefits from having access to these insights evenly throughout this period.

The Company sells through multiple channels, including direct to consumer via the Company's website and through online retailers. If the customer does not return the Kit for processing, services cannot be completed by the Company, potentially resulting in unexercised rights ("breakage") revenue. To estimate breakage, the Company applies the practical expedient available under Topic 606 to assess its customer contracts on a portfolio basis as opposed to individual customer contracts, due to the similarity of customer characteristics, at the sales channel level. The Company recognizes the breakage amounts as revenue, proportionate to the pattern of revenue recognition of the returning Kits in these respective sales channel portfolios. The Company estimates breakage for the portion of Kits not expected to be returned using an analysis of historical data and considers other factors that could influence customer Kit return behavior. The Company updates its breakage rate estimate periodically and, if necessary, adjusts the deferred revenue balance accordingly. If actual Kit return patterns vary from the estimate, actual breakage revenue may differ from the amounts recorded. The Company recognized breakage revenue from unreturned Kits of \$6.0 million and \$4.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$11.0 million and \$8.6 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Fees paid to certain sales channel partners include, in part, compensation for obtaining PGS contracts. Such contracts have an amortization period of one year or less, and the Company has applied the practical expedient to recognize these costs as sales and marketing expenses when incurred.

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company did not recognize any PGS revenue for performance obligations satisfied in prior periods.

#### Research Services

The Company generates research services revenue by performing research services under agreements with third parties relating to the use of the Company's genotypic and phenotypic data to perform various research activities, including identifying promising drug targets and further researching specific ailments or patient treatment areas.

The Company's contracts with customers for research services can include multiple performance obligations: (1) genotyping, (2) survey, (3) data analysis, (4) recruitment, (5) web development, (6) project management, and (7) dedicated research time. The transaction price for research services revenue includes the amount of fixed consideration the Company expects to receive, as well as variable consideration including, but not limited to, per participant fees, additional compensation for certain industry approvals, payments for milestones achieved early, and penalties for customer delays. The Company estimates the amount of variable consideration that should be included in the transaction price using the most likely amount method.

The Company bases its estimates of variable consideration on historical data and other available information. The Company includes an estimated amount of variable consideration in the transaction price only if it is probable that a subsequent change in the estimate would not result in a significant revenue reversal. Based on the historical data available, the Company believes there will be minimal amounts of variable consideration earned and, as such, the transaction price for research services is not materially impacted. Variable consideration estimates are revisited at the end of each reporting period and adjustments are made accordingly.

To recognize revenue, the Company compares actual hours incurred to date to the overall total expected hours that will be required to satisfy the performance obligation. The use of personnel hours is a reasonable measure of progress as the Company fulfills its contractual obligations through research performed by the Company's personnel. Revenues are recognized over time as the hours are incurred. All estimates are reviewed by the Company at the end of each reporting period and adjustments are made accordingly.

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company did not recognize any research services revenue for performance obligations satisfied in prior periods.

#### Telehealth

The Company generates telehealth revenues from pharmacy fees, patient fees, and membership fees. The transaction price for telehealth services includes the amount of fixed consideration the Company expects to receive, as well as variable consideration related to sales deductions, including (1) product returns, including return estimates and (2) fees for transaction processing and chargebacks. The Company estimates the amount of variable consideration that should be included in the transaction price using the expected value method.

The Company estimates the amount of sales that may be refunded and records the estimate as a reduction of revenue and a refund liability in the period the related telehealth revenue is recognized. The Company's customers have limited return rights related to the telehealth services. The Company has not historically experienced material returns and believes there will be minimal returns in the future. As such, the transaction price for telehealth services is not materially impacted.

Provisions for transaction fees and chargebacks are primarily based on customer-level contractual terms. Accruals and related reserves are adjusted as new information becomes available, which generally consists of actual transaction fees and chargebacks processed relating to sales recognized.

Pharmacy fees, net – The Company primarily generates revenue through sale and delivery of prescription medications from the Affiliated Pharmacies (as defined below). A contract is entered into with a patient when the patient accepts the Company's terms and conditions, requests a prescription, or chooses to refill, and provides access to payment. The Company has determined that these contracts contain one performance obligation. Revenue is recognized at the point in time in which prescription services are rendered for these transactions. Fees are charged as prescription services are rendered. Revenue is recorded net of refunds and transaction fees.

Patient fees, net — The Company primarily generates revenue through the PMCs (as defined below) from patient visit fees, which include healthcare professional consultations, lab testing, and ordering prescriptions. A contract is entered into with a patient when the patient accepts the Company's terms and conditions and provides access to payment. The Company has determined that each service event is a distinct performance obligation. Revenue is recognized at the point in time in which services are rendered for these transactions. Fees are charged upfront prior to services being rendered and are allocated to each obligation to provide services to the patient. Revenue is recorded net of refunds, transaction fees, and pass-through lab and prescription costs.

Membership fees, net — The Company generates revenue through membership fees from patients, which includes a membership for unlimited medical visits and unlimited prescriptions during the membership period (generally one, three or twelve months). A contract is entered into with a patient when the patient accepts the Company's terms and conditions and makes a pre-payment for the membership term. The Company has determined that access to the services over the membership period qualifies as a series of distinct goods or services for which revenue is recognized ratably over the respective membership period. Revenue is recorded net of refunds. Deferred revenue consists of advance payments from members related to membership performance obligations that have not been satisfied for memberships.

In providing telehealth services that include professional medical consultations, the Company maintains relationships with various affiliated professional medical corporations ("PMCs"). PMCs are organized under state law as professional entities that are owned by physicians licensed in the applicable state and that engage licensed healthcare professionals (each, a "Provider" and collectively, the "Providers") to provide consultation services. See Note 4, "Variable Interest Entities," for additional details. The Company accounts for service revenue as a principal in the arrangement with its patients.

Additionally, with respect to its telehealth services involving the sale of prescription products, the Company maintains relationships with affiliated pharmacies (collectively, the "Affiliated Pharmacies") to fill prescriptions that are ordered by the Company's patients. The Company accounts for prescription product revenue as a principal in the arrangement with its patients.

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company did not recognize any telehealth revenue for performance obligations satisfied in prior periods.

#### Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table presents revenue by category:

		Three Months Ended September 30,						Six Months Ended September 30,						
		2	2022		202	21		2022	2	2021				
	% of Amount Revenue			% of Revenue			% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue					
			(in thousands,	n thousands, except percentages)				(in thousands, ex	cept percentag	es)				
Point in Time														
PGS	\$	40,110	53	% \$	41,403	75 %	\$ 79,80	00 57%	\$ 86,426	76 %				
Telehealth <sup>(1)</sup>		9,171	12	%	<u> </u>	0 %	18,53	32 13%	б <u> </u>	0 %				
Consumer services		49,281	65	%	41,403	75 %	98,33	32 70 %	86,426	76 %				
Research services				%	<u> </u>	0 %		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0 %				
Total <sup>(2)</sup>		49,281	65	%	41,403	<u>75</u> %	98,33	32 70 %	86,426	<u>76</u> %				
Over Time														
PGS		4,731		%	3,085	6%	9,2	16 6%	5,912	5%				
Telehealth <sup>(1)</sup>		2,497	3	%		0 %	5,02	20 4 %	<u> </u>	0 %				
Consumer services		7,228	10	%	3,085	6%	14,23	36 10 %	5,912	5%				
Research services		19,150	25	%	10,716	19 %	27,60	04 20 %	6 22,105	19 %				
Total (2)		26,378	35	%	13,801	25 %	41,8	40 30 %	28,017	24 %				
Total Revenue														
PGS		44,841		%	44,488	81 %	89,0			81 %				
Telehealth <sup>(1)</sup>		11,668	15	%		0 %	23,5	52 <u>17</u> %	<u> </u>	0%				
Consumer services		56,509	75	%	44,488	81 %	112,50	58 80 %	92,338	81 %				
Research services		19,150	25	% _	10,716	19 %	27,60	04 20 %	22,105	19 %				
Total <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	75,659	100	% \$	55,204	100 %	\$ 140,17	72 100 %	\$ 114,443	100 %				

- (1) There was no telehealth revenue for the three and six months ended September 30, 2021, as the Lemonaid Acquisition closed in November 2021.
- (2) There was no Therapeutics revenue for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

The following table summarizes revenue by region based on the shipping address of customers or the location where the services are delivered:

	T	hree Months End	ed September	r <b>30,</b>	Six Months Ended September 30,							
		2022	2	021	2	2022	2	2021				
		% of		% of		% of		% of				
	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue				
		in thousands, exc	ept percentag	(in thousands, except percentages)								
United States	\$ 52,546	69 %	\$ 38,613	70 %	\$ 100,655	72 %	\$ 78,965	69 %				
United Kingdom	19,030	25%	12,335	22%	31,004	22%	26,240	23 %				
Canada	2,839	4%	2,748	5%	5,878	4%	5,988	5%				
Other regions	1,244	2%	1,508	3%	2,635	2%	3,250	3%				
International	23,113	31%	16,591	30 %	39,517	28%	35,478	31 %				
Total	\$ 75,659	100 %	\$ 55,204	100 %	\$ 140,172	100 %	\$ 114,443	100 %				

#### Contract Balances

Accounts receivable are recorded when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. Contract assets include amounts associated with contractual rights related to consideration for performance obligations and are included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The amount of contract assets was immaterial as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022.

Contract liabilities consist of deferred revenue. Revenue is deferred when the Company invoices in advance of fulfilling performance obligations under a contract. Deferred revenue primarily relates to Kits that have been shipped to consumers and non-consigned retail sites but not yet returned for processing by the consumer, as well as research services billed in advance of performance. Deferred revenue is recognized when the obligation to deliver results to the customer is satisfied and when research services are ultimately performed. Deferred revenue also consists of advance payments from members related to membership performance obligations and from customers related to subscription for extended health insight performance obligations that have not been satisfied as of the balance sheet date. Deferred revenue is recognized when the obligation to deliver membership services or subscription services is satisfied.

As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, deferred revenue for consumer services was \$43.8 million and \$32.5 million, respectively. Of the \$51.3 million and \$39.3 million of deferred revenue for consumer services as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, the Company recognized \$10.0 and \$6.4 million as revenue for during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$35.4 million and \$32.0 million during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, deferred revenue for research services was \$38.2 million and \$35.2 million, respectively, which included related party deferred revenue amounts of \$36.0 million and \$33.9 million, respectively. Of the \$11.6 million and \$31.9 million of deferred revenue for research services as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, the Company recognized \$1.1 million and \$10.7 million as revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which included related party revenue amounts of \$0.9 million and \$10.0 million, respectively, and \$9.5 million and \$22.1 million during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which included related party revenue amounts of \$9.2 million and \$21.2 million, respectively.

#### Remaining Performance Obligations

The transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized, which includes deferred revenue and amounts that are expected to be billed and recognized as revenue in future periods. The Company has utilized the practical expedient available under Topic 606 to not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for PGS and telehealth as those contracts have an expected length of one year or less. As of September 30, 2022, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations for research services was \$43.4 million. The Company expects to recognize revenue on 96% of this amount over the next 12 months and the remainder thereafter.

#### Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive loss is composed of two components: net loss and other comprehensive income. The Company's changes in foreign currency translation represents the components of other comprehensive income that are excluded from the reported net loss.

#### **Segment Information**

The Company currently operates in two reporting segments: Consumer and Research Services, and Therapeutics. The Consumer and Research Services segment consists of revenue and expenses from PGS and telehealth, as well as research services revenue and expenses from certain collaboration agreements (including the GSK Agreement (as defined below)). The Therapeutics segment consists of revenues from the out-licensing of intellectual property associated with identified drug targets and expenses related to therapeutic product candidates under clinical development. Substantially all of the Company's revenues are derived from the Consumer and Research Services segment. See Revenue Recognition within Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," for additional information regarding revenue. There are no inter-segment sales.

Certain department expenses such as Finance, Legal, Regulatory and Supplier Quality, Corporate Communications and CEO Office are not reported as part of the reporting segments as reviewed by the CODM (as defined below). These amounts are included in Unallocated Corporate in the reconciliations below. The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") is the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"). The CODM evaluates the performance of each segment based on Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income (loss) before net interest income (expense), net other income (expense), changes in fair value of warrant liabilities, income tax benefit, depreciation and amortization of fixed assets, amortization of internal-use software, amortization of acquired intangible assets,

non-cash stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related costs, and expenses related to restructuring and other charges, if applicable for the period.

Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure used by the Company's management and Board of Directors to understand and evaluate the Company's operating performance and trends, to prepare and approve the annual budget, and to develop short-term and long-term operating plans. In particular, the exclusion of the items eliminated in calculating Adjusted EBITDA provides useful measures for period-to-period comparisons of the Company's business. Accordingly, Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information in understanding and evaluating the Company's operating results in the same manner as management and the Board of Directors. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. Other companies, including companies in the Company's industry, may calculate similarly-titled non-GAAP financial measures differently or may use other measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of Adjusted EBITDA as a tool for comparison. There are a number of limitations related to the use of these non-GAAP financial measures rather than net loss, which is the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Some of the limitations of Adjusted EBITDA include (i) Adjusted EBITDA does not properly reflect capital commitments to be paid in the future, and (ii) although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the underlying assets may need to be replaced and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect these capital expenditures. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, the Company will incur expenses similar to the adjustments in this presentation in the future. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that the Company's future results will be unaffected by these expenses or any unusual or non-recurring items. When evaluating the Company's performance, Adjusted EBITDA should be considered alongside other financial performance measures, including net loss and other GAAP results.

The Company's revenue and Adjusted EBITDA by segment is as follows:

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Six Months Ended September 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021		
	(in thousands)				(in thou	sand	s)			
Segment Revenue										
Consumer and Research Services	\$	75,659	\$	55,204	\$	140,172	\$	114,443		
Total Revenue (1)	\$	75,659	\$	55,204	\$	140,172	\$	114,443		
Segment Adjusted EBITDA										
Consumer and Research Services Adjusted										
EBITDA	\$	2,324	\$	(760)	\$	(14,673)	\$	(1,265)		
Therapeutics Adjusted EBITDA		(18,663)		(18,828)		(37,128)		(37,131)		
Unallocated Corporate		(13,316)		(10,095)		(27,568)		(18,563)		
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(29,655)	\$	(29,683)	\$	(79,369)	\$	(56,959)		
,										
Reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA										
Net Loss	\$	(66,065)	\$	(16,524)	\$	(155,597)	\$	(58,550)		
Adjustments										
Interest (income) expense, net		(1,392)		(92)		(1,637)		(136)		
Other (income) expense, net		687		(3)		1,122		(17)		
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		_		(29,828)		_		(29,294)		
Income tax benefit		(1,271)		_		(1,525)		_		
Depreciation and amortization		5,152		4,871		10,256		9,508		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		4,267		_		8,582		_		
Stock-based compensation expense		28,967		10,427		59,430		20,064		
Acquisition-related costs (2)				1,466				1,466		
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(29,655)	\$	(29,683)	\$	(79,369)	\$	(56,959)		

<sup>(1)</sup> There was no Therapeutics revenue for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

<sup>(2)</sup> For the three and six months ended September 30, 2021, acquisition-related costs primarily consisted of advisory, legal and consulting fees.

Customers accounting for 10% or more of segment revenues were as follows:

	September 30,					September 30,					
	 2022	?		2021			202	2	20	)21	
	 (in thousands, except percentages)					(in thousands, except percentages)					
Consumer and Research Services Segment Revenue:											
Customer C <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 17,057	23 %	\$	14,935	2'	7%\$	26,684	19%\$	23,447	20%	
Customer B <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 14,925	20%	\$	10,002	18	8%\$	23,190	17%\$	21,212	19%	

Six Months Ended

Three Months Ended

- (1) Customer C revenues are primarily in the United States.
- (2) Customer B revenues are in the U.K.

Revenue by geographical region can be found in the revenue recognition disclosures in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies." Substantially all of the Company's property and equipment, net of depreciation and amortization, was located in the United States during the periods presented. The reporting segments do not present total assets as they are not reviewed by the CODM when evaluating their performance.

#### **Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-06, *Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity, which simplifies the accounting for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity, including convertible instruments and contracts on an entity's own equity, and clarifies the guidance on the computation of earnings per share for those financial instruments. The guidance was effective for the Company beginning April 1, 2022, and interim periods therein. The Company adopted ASU 2020-06 as of April 1, 2022, and the adoption did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.* 

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company measures financial assets and liabilities at fair value at each reporting period using a fair value hierarchy, which requires the Company to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's classification within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Three levels of inputs may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following table presents information about the Company's financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	September 30, 2022							
	 Fair Value		Level 1		evel 2		Level 3	_
	 		(in the	ousands)		-		_
Financial Assets:								
Money market funds	\$ 375,000	\$	375,000	\$	_	\$	_	_
Total financial assets	\$ 375,000	\$	375,000	\$	_	\$	_	Ē

As of the end of fiscal year 2022, on March 31, 2022, the Company did not have any financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Cash equivalents consist primarily of money market funds and are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices in active markets.

#### 4. Variable Interest Entities

The Company determined that the PMCs and Affiliated Pharmacies are variable interest entities ("VIEs") due to the respective equity holders having nominal capital at risk, and the Company has a variable interest in each of the PMCs and Affiliated Pharmacies. The Company consolidated the PMCs and Affiliated Pharmacies under the VIE model since the Company has the power to direct activities that most significantly impact the VIEs' economic performance and the right to receive benefits or the obligation to absorb losses that could potentially be significant to the VIEs. Under the VIE model, the Company presents the results of operations and the financial position of the VIEs as part of the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Furthermore, as a direct result of the financial support the Company provides to the VIEs (e.g., loans), the interests held by holders lack economic substance and do not provide them with the ability to participate in the residual profits or losses generated by the VIEs. Therefore, all income and expenses recognized by the VIEs are allocated to the Company's stockholders.

The aggregate carrying value of total assets and total liabilities included on the condensed consolidated balance sheets for the VIEs after elimination of intercompany transactions were not material as of September 30, 2022 and \$11.2 million and \$13.3 million, respectively, as of March 31, 2022. Total revenue included on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss for the VIEs after elimination of intercompany transactions was \$10.4 million and \$21.1 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. Net income included on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss was \$1.7 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022. There were no VIEs during the three and six months ended September 30, 2021.

#### 5. Collaborations

#### GlaxoSmithKline Agreement

In July 2018, the Company and an affiliate of GlaxoSmithKline plc ("GSK") entered into a four-year exclusive drug discovery and development collaboration agreement (the "GSK Agreement") for collaboration on identification and development of therapeutic agents with a unilateral option for GSK to extend the term for an additional year. The Company concluded that GSK is considered a customer. Therefore, the Company has applied the guidance in Topic 606 to account for and present consideration received from GSK related to research services provided by the Company. The Company's activities under the GSK Agreement, which include reporting, drug target discovery, and joint steering committee participation, represent one combined performance obligation to deliver research services. In addition, the GSK Agreement, along with subsequent amendments, provided GSK the right to include certain identified pre-existing Company programs in the collaboration at GSK's election, each of which is considered distinct from the research services. The exercise price for the pre-existing program options varied to reflect the respective stage of development of each such program, with up to two such programs being offered for no additional charge. The two programs offered for no additional charge were material rights and therefore also identified as performance obligations within the arrangement.

In addition to cost-sharing during the performance of research services which is recorded within cost of revenue when incurred in the Consumer and Research Services segment, once drug targets have been identified for inclusion in the collaboration, the Company and GSK equally share in the costs of further research, development, and commercialization of identified targets, subject to certain rights of either party to opt-out of funding at certain predetermined development milestones. These cost-sharing charges for costs incurred subsequent to the identification of drug targets have been included in research and development expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss during the period incurred. The Company may also share in the net profits or losses of products that are commercialized pursuant to the collaboration or receive royalties on products which are successfully commercialized.

On January 18, 2022, GSK elected to exercise its option to extend the exclusive target discovery period of the ongoing collaboration with the Company for an additional year to July 2023. On October 5, 2022, the Company received a one-time payment of \$50.0 million from GSK in consideration of the exercise of the option pursuant to the GSK Agreement.

The Company recognizes revenue related to the GSK Agreement as the performance obligation is satisfied using an input method to measure progress. The Company believes that actual hours incurred relative to projected hours is the most accurate measurement of progress for the input method. The Company recognized research services revenue related to the GSK Agreement of \$14.9 million and \$10.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$23.2 million and \$21.2 million during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Company had deferred revenue, all of which was current, related to the GSK Agreement of \$36.0 million and \$9.2 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, there was \$50.0 million and nil, respectively, receivable related to the GSK Agreement. Cost-sharing amounts incurred subsequent to the identification of targets, included in research and development expenses, were \$2.7 million and \$5.9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$6.3 million and \$11.9 million during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$6.3 million and \$11.9 million during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$(0.5) million and \$0.3 million during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$(0.5) million and \$0.3 million during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to balances of amounts payable to GSK for reimbursement of shared costs included within accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. GSK's affiliate, Glaxo Group Limited, held shares of Class B common stock, representing a 18.4% and 16.3% combined voting power as of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively; therefore, GSK is considered to be a related party.

#### 6. Balance Sheet Components

#### Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2022		N	March 31, 2022
	,	(in thou	sands)	
Computer and software	\$	11,374	\$	10,573
Laboratory equipment and software		51,760		51,557
Furniture and office equipment		9,140		8,926
Leasehold improvements		40,768		40,566
Capitalized asset retirement obligations		853		853
Property and equipment, gross		113,895		112,475
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(69,838)		(62,624)
Property and equipment, net	\$	44,057	\$	49,851

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$3.9 million and \$4.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$7.8 million and \$8.4 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Internal-Use Software, Net

Internal-use software, net consisted of the following:

	Sept	September 30, 2022		arch 31, 2022
		(in thous	ands)	
Capitalized internal-use software	\$	18,676	\$	14,804
Less: accumulated amortization		(7,169)		(5,169)
Internal-use software, net	\$	11,507	\$	9,635

The Company capitalized \$2.4 million and \$1.4 million in internal-use software during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$4.3 million and \$2.2 million in internal-use software during the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Impairment to internal-use software was \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. There was no impairment to internal-use software for the three and six months ended September 30, 2021. For the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, amortization expense related to internal-use software was \$1.0 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, which included approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation. For the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, amortization expense related to internal-use software was \$2.0 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, which included approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense.

#### Intangible Assets, Net

Intangible assets, net consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2022						
	Weighted Average Remaining Useful Life- Years		Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount
			(in thousands,	exce	pt years)		
Customer relationships	1.1	\$	14,900	\$	(6,829)	\$	8,071
Partnerships	6.1		23,200		(3,301)		19,899
Trademark	4.1		11,000		(2,017)		8,983
Developed technology	6.1		24,100		(3,156)		20,944
Non-compete agreements	4.1		2,800		(514)		2,286
Patents	6.0		5,500		(755)		4,745
Total intangible assets		\$	81,500	\$	(16,572)	\$	64,928

	March 31, 2022						
	Weighted Average Remaining Useful Life- Years	Gross Carrying Seful Amount			Accumulated Amortization	ľ	Net Carrying Amount
			(in thousands,	exce	ept years)		
Customer relationships	1.6	\$	14,900	\$	(3,104)	\$	11,796
Partnerships	6.6		23,200		(1,558)		21,642
Trademark	4.6		11,000		(917)		10,083
Developed technology	6.6		24,100		(1,436)		22,664
Non-compete agreements	4.6		2,800		(233)		2,567
Patents	6.4		5,500		(347)		5,153
Total intangible assets		\$	81,500	\$	(7,595)	\$	73,905

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$4.5 million and \$9.0 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. There was no amortization expense for the three and six months ended September 30, 2021.

Estimated future amortization expense of the identified intangible assets as of September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Estimate	d Amortization
	(in	thousands)
Fiscal years ending March 31,		
2023 (Remaining six months)	\$	9,035
2024		14,966
2025		10,621
2026		10,621
2027		9,039
Thereafter		10,646
Total estimated future amortization expense	\$	64,928
1		

#### Accrued Expense and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expense and other current liabilities consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2022			March 31, 2022	
	·	(in thousands)			
Accrued payables	\$	18,789	\$	27,654	
Accrued compensation and benefits		24,430		14,898	
Accrued taxes and other		1,201		2,036	
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	44,420	\$	44,588	

#### 7. Leases

The Company's lease portfolio includes leased offices, dedicated lab facility and storage space, and dedicated data center facility space, with remaining contractual periods from 0.4 years to 8.8 years. For purposes of calculating lease liabilities, lease terms may include options to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise those options.

The Company incurred total lease costs of \$3.4 million and \$3.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$6.7 million and \$6.8 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

As of September 30, 2022, the future minimum lease payments included in the measurement of the Company's operating lease liabilities were as follows:

	 September 30, 2022 (in thousands)
Fiscal years ending March 31,	
2023 (Remaining six months)	\$ 6,314
2024	14,934
2025	14,464
2026	11,105
2027	11,348
Thereafter	53,095
Total future operating lease payments	111,260
Less: imputed interest	(29,379)
Total operating lease liabilities	\$ 81,881

#### 8. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Non-cancelable Purchase Obligations

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into non-cancelable purchase commitments for goods or services with various parties. As of September 30, 2022, the Company had a total of \$48.2 million in outstanding non-cancelable purchase obligations with a term of 12 months or longer.

#### Legal Matters

On December 10, 2019, Celmatix Inc. ("Celmatix") filed a lawsuit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York against the Company asserting claims against the Company for breach of contract and the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and tortious interference with contract and prospective economic advantage, alleging damages that, according to the compliant, plaintiff "believed to be in excess of \$100 million." On February 14, 2020, the Company filed its answer, denying all of the material allegations of the complaint and asserting counterclaims against Celmatix for breach of contract. Celmatix amended its complaint on July 13, 2021, asserting an additional claim against the Company for fraudulent inducement of contract. On July 19, 2021, the Company filed its answer to the amended complaint, denying all of the material allegations and asserting a counterclaim and an additional defense of fraudulent inducement of contract. On October 29, 2021, both parties made motions for partial summary judgment in their favor. Briefing of the parties' respective motions was completed in December 2021. On March 30, 2022, the Company and Celmatix agreed to a settlement, pursuant to which the Company made a payment of \$10.0 million net of insurance coverage and all claims and counter-claims were released. The parties filed a Stipulation of Dismissal and Discontinuance with Prejudice on April 22, 2022. On April 25, 2022, the presiding judge entered an order noting that the motions for summary judgment are moot, canceling all future appearances and marking the case as disposed. As a result of the settlement, the Company recorded a net loss on litigation settlement of \$10.0 million during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022.

#### Indemnification

As of September 30, 2022, the Company did not have any indemnification claims.

#### 9. Stockholders' Equity

#### Common Stock

On the Closing Date, in connection with the Merger, the Company amended and restated its certificate of incorporation to authorize 1,490,000,000 shares of common stock, of which 1,140,000,000 shares are designated Class A common stock and 350,000,000 shares are designated Class B common stock, each with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. The rights of the holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock are identical, except with respect to voting and conversion rights. Holders of Class A common stock are entitled to one vote per share and holders of Class B common stock are entitled to ten votes per share. Each share of Class B common stock is convertible into one share of Class A common stock at any time at the option of the holder and automatically converts into one share of Class A common stock upon transfer (except for certain permitted transfers).

The Company has the following shares of common stock outstanding:

	September 30, 2022	March 31, 2022
Class A common stock: (par value \$0.0001)		
Authorized	1,140,000,000	1,140,000,000
Issued and outstanding <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	266,937,775	228,174,718
Class B common stock: (par value \$0.0001)		
Authorized	350,000,000	350,000,000
Issued and outstanding	188,515,261	220,637,603

- (1) As of March 31, 2022, the Class A common stock included 12,713,750 shares held by VGAC founders ("Lock-Up Shares") that would be released from the lock-up one year after the Closing Date. In August 2022, following the one-year anniversary of the Closing Date, the Lock-Up Shares were released and distributed to certain VGAC founders.
- As of September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Class A common stock included 3,814,125 shares held by VGAC founders ("Earn-Out Shares") that are subject to a lock-up of seven years from the Closing Date. The lock-up has an early release effective (i) with respect to 50% of the Earn-Out Shares, upon the closing price of the Company's Class A common stock equaling or exceeding \$12.50 per share for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading-day period, and (ii) with respect to the other 50% of the Earn-Out Shares, upon the closing price of the Company's Class A common stock equaling or exceeding \$15.00 per share for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading-day period; provided that the transfer restrictions applicable to the Earn-Out Shares will terminate on the date following the closing date on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, amalgamation, capital stock exchange, reorganization, or other similar transaction that results in all of the Company's public stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of Class A common stock for cash, securities, or other property (a "Liquidation Event"), if such Liquidation Event occurs prior to the date that the stock price thresholds referenced in (i) and (ii) are met. As of September 30, 2022, the Company did not meet any earn out thresholds. The Earn-Out Shares are issued and outstanding Class A common shares that cannot be forfeited, and as such meet the criteria for equity classification in accordance with ASC 505, Equity.

#### Reserve for Issuance

The Company has the following shares of Class A common stock reserved for future issuance, on an as-if-converted basis:

	September 30, 2022	March 31, 2022
Outstanding stock options	69,845,695	73,609,565
Outstanding restricted stock units	24,961,669	10,676,378
Remaining shares available for future issuance under 2021 Equity Incentive Equity Plan	46,248,242	48,895,572
Remaining shares available for future issuance under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	10,289,663	11,420,000
Total shares of common stock reserved	151,345,269	144,601,515

#### Preferred Stock

Pursuant to the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation, the Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, each with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. The Company's Board of Directors has the authority to issue shares of the preferred stock in one or more series and to determine the preferences, privileges, and restrictions, including voting rights, of those shares. As of September 30, 2022, no shares of preferred stock were issued and outstanding.

#### 10. Equity Incentive Plans and Stock-Based Compensation

#### **Equity Incentive Plans**

In 2006, 23andMe, Inc. established its 2006 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (the "2006 Plan"), which provides for the grant of stock options and restricted stock to its employees, directors, officers, and consultants. The 2006 Plan allows for time-based or performance-based vesting for the awards. The 2006 Plan has been amended and restated at various times since its adoption.

On June 10, 2021, the shareholders of VGAC approved the 23andMe Holding Co. 2021 Incentive Equity Plan (the "2021 Plan") and reserved 136,000,000 authorized shares of the Company's Class A common stock for issuance thereunder. In addition, all equity awards of 23andMe, Inc. that were issued under the 2006 Plan were converted into comparable equity awards that are settled or exercisable for shares of the Company's Class A common stock. As a result, each 23andMe, Inc. stock option was converted into an option to purchase shares of the Company's Class A common stock based on an exchange ratio of 2.293698169. As of the effective date of the 2021 Plan, no further stock awards have been or will be granted under the 2006 Plan. In November 2021, in connection with the Lemonaid Acquisition, the Company registered an additional 2,990,386 shares of Class A common stock issuable under the 2021 Plan, which represent shares of Class A common stock issuable in exchange for outstanding options initially granted under Lemonaid Health's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended.

The number of shares of Class A common stock reserved for issuance under the 2021 Plan will automatically increase on January 1 of each calendar year, starting in 2022, in an amount equal to (i) 22,839,019 shares of Class A common stock, (ii) 3.0% of the aggregate number of shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding, or (iii) a lesser number of shares determined by the Company's Board of Directors prior to the applicable January 1 (the "Evergreen Provision"). On June 15, 2022, in accordance with the Evergreen Provision, the Company registered an additional 13,384,415 shares of Class A common stock issuable under the 2021 Plan.

Options under the 2021 Plan have a contractual life of up to ten years. The exercise price of a stock option shall not be less than 100% of the estimated fair value of the shares on the date of grant, as determined by the Board of Directors. For Incentive Stock Options ("ISO") as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the exercise price of an ISO granted to a 10% stockholder shall not be less than 110% of the estimated fair value of the underlying stock on the date of grant as determined by the Board of Directors. The Company's options generally vest over four years. Under the 2021 Plan, stock option awards entitle the holder to receive one share of Class A common stock for every option exercised.

Restricted stock units ("RSUs") granted under the 2021 Plan vest ratably over a period ranging from one to four years and are subject to the participant's continuing service to the Company over that period. Until vested, RSUs do not have the voting and dividend participation rights of Class A common stock and the shares underlying the awards are not considered issued and outstanding.

In February 2022, the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors adopted a RSU conversion and deferral program for non-employee directors. The purpose of the program is to provide non-employee directors with the option to convert all or a portion of their cash compensation into a RSU award under the 2021 Plan and the opportunity to defer settlement of all or a portion of

their RSU awards. As of September 30, 2022, four non-employee directors have elected to convert all of their cash compensation into RSU awards, and two non-employee directors have elected to defer settlement of their RSU awards under the program.

On June 9, 2022, the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors adopted an annual incentive plan (the "2022 AIP"), pursuant to which, beginning in fiscal year 2023, which began on April 1, 2022, employees and certain service providers of 23andMe, Inc. and its affiliates will be eligible to receive annual incentive bonuses in the form of cash or RSUs issued by the Company under the 2021 Plan, based upon the Company's achievement of certain pre-established financial, operational, and strategic performance metrics. If the pre-established performance metrics for the one-year performance period ending March 31, 2023 are achieved, the Company anticipates that the 2022 annual incentive bonuses will be paid in the form of RSUs (collectively, the "2022 AIP Awards"). The number of RSUs will be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the AIP Awards by the trailing average closing price of the Company's Class A common stock for the 90 days preceding the date of payment. The Company accounts for the 2022 AIP Awards as liability awards and adjusts the liability and corresponding expenses at the end of each quarter until the date of settlement, considering the probability that the performance conditions will be satisfied. The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense related to the 2022 AIP Awards of \$4.8 million and \$9.7 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. As of September 30, 2022, the liability of the 2022 AIP Awards was \$9.7 million, which was included in other current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

#### Stock Option Activity

Stock option activity and activity regarding shares available for grant under the 2021 Plan are as follows:

	Options Outstanding								
	Outstanding Stock Weighted-Average Options Exercise Price			Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value				
	(in tl	ıousan	ıds, except share, yo	ears, and per share dat	a)				
Balance as of March 31, 2022	73,609,565	\$	4.21	6.9	\$ 35,979				
Granted	3,670,200	\$	3.69						
Exercised	(2,496,363)	\$	1.61						
Cancelled/forfeited/expired	(4,937,707)	\$	4.90						
Balance as of September 30, 2022	69,845,695	\$	4.22	6.4	\$ 15,324				
Vested and exercisable as of September 30, 2022	45,133,259	\$	4.05	5.2	\$ 10,436				

The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted for the six months ended September 30, 2022 was \$2.54. The intrinsic value of vested options exercised for the six months ended September 30, 2022 was \$4.1 million. As of September 30, 2022, unrecognized stock-based compensation cost related to unvested stock options was \$83.7 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.7 years. Due to a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets, the Company did not recognize any tax benefit from stock option exercises for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

The Company estimated the fair value of options granted using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The fair value of stock options is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the awards.

The weighted average Black-Scholes assumptions used to value stock options at the grant dates are as follows:

	Three	Months Ende	d September 30	Six Months Ended September 30,							
	2022		2021		2022	1	2021				
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
Expected term (years)	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.8	6.0	6.0			
Expected volatility	78 %	81%	73 %	73 %	76 %	81 %	73 %	73 %			
Risk-free interest rate	2.9%	3.6%	1.0 %	1.0 %	2.8 %	3.6%	1.0%	1.0 %			
Expected dividend yield	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
•											
			0.4								

#### **Restricted Stock Units**

The following table summarizes the RSU activity under the equity incentive plans and related information:

	Unvested RSUs	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Balance as of March 31, 2022	10,676,378	\$ 9.70
Granted	19,473,231	\$ 3.45
Vested	(3,042,039)	\$ 6.63
Cancelled/forfeited	(2,145,901)	\$ 5.45
Balance as of September 30, 2022	24,961,669	\$ 5.57

As of September 30, 2022, unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to outstanding unvested RSUs was \$126.7 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.2 years.

#### Stock Subject to Vesting

In November 2021, in connection with the Lemonaid Acquisition, the Company granted 3,747,027 shares of Class A common stock with an aggregate grant date fair value of \$43.9 million to two recipients, each of whom was a former stockholder and officer of Lemonaid and each of whom, following the closing of the Lemonaid Acquisition, joined the Company's management team. The shares vest over a four-year period in quarterly installments beginning on February 1, 2022, subject to the respective recipient's continued employment with the Company. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to these awards of \$2.8 million and \$5.5 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, within general and administrative expenses. Unrecognized stock-based compensation expense of \$33.9 million is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.1 years.

#### **Employee Stock Purchase Plan**

On June 10, 2021, the shareholders of VGAC approved the 23andMe Holding Co. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"). A total of 11,420,000 shares of the Company's Class A common stock were initially reserved for issuance under the ESPP. Pursuant to the terms of the ESPP, the number of shares of the Company's Class A common stock reserved for issuance will automatically increase on January 1 of each calendar year, beginning on January 1, 2023, by the lesser of (i) an amount equal to one percent (1.0%) of the total number of shares of Class A and Class B common stock outstanding as of the last day of the immediately preceding December 31st, (ii) 5,000,000 shares, or (iii) a lesser number of shares as determined by the Board of Directors in its discretion. As of September 30, 2022, 1,130,337 shares of the Company's Class A common stock have been issued and 10,289,663 shares remained available for future issuance under the ESPP.

The ESPP provides for concurrent 12-month offerings with successive six-month purchase intervals commencing on March 1 and September 1 of each year and purchase dates occurring on the last day of each such purchase interval (i.e., August 31 and February 28). The ESPP contains a rollover provision whereby if the price of the Company's Class A common stock on the first day of a new offering period is less than the price on the first day of any preceding offering period, all participants in a preceding offering period with a higher first day price will be automatically withdrawn from such preceding offering period and re-enrolled in the new offering period. The rollover feature, when triggered, will be accounted for as a modification to the preceding offering period, resulting in incremental expense to be recognized over the new offering period.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

Total stock-based compensation expense, including stock-based compensation expense related to awards classified as liabilities, is included in costs and expenses as follows:

	Thi	ree Months En	ded Septe	ember 30,	Six Months Ended September 30,						
		2022		2021		2022		2021			
		(in tho	usands)	(in thousands)							
Cost of revenue	\$	2,413	\$	945	\$	5,740	\$	1,743			
Research and development		12,003		5,450		24,079		11,057			
Sales and marketing		2,003		860		4,892		1,763			
General and administrative		12,548		3,172		24,719		5,501			
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	28,967	\$	10,427	\$	59,430	\$	20,064			

#### 11. Income Taxes

The Company computes provision for income taxes by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to year-to-date income from recurring operations and adjust the provision for discrete tax items recorded in the period. The Company's annual estimated effective tax rate differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily as a result of a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets.

An income tax benefit of \$1.3 million and \$1.6 million was recognized for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. This benefit from income taxes is reflected on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022. There was no income tax benefit or expense recognized for the three and six months ended September 30, 2021. The Company continues to maintain a full valuation allowance on the remaining net deferred tax assets of the U.S. entities as it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize the deferred tax assets. Utilization of net operating loss carryforwards may be subject to future annual limitations provided by Section 382 of the Code and similar state provisions.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, various states, and the United Kingdom. The Company is not currently under examination by income tax authorities in federal, state, or other jurisdictions. All tax returns will remain open for examination by the federal and state authorities for three and four years, respectively, from the date of utilization of any net operating loss or credits.

#### 12. Net Loss Per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders

The net loss attributable to common stockholders is allocated on a proportionate basis, and the resulting net loss per share is identical for Class A and Class B common stock under the two-class method.

No dividends were declared or paid for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

The Company's stock options, early exercised stock options, RSUs, and restricted stock awards subject to vesting are considered to be potential common stock equivalents but have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders as their effect is antidilutive.

Net loss attributable to common stockholders was equivalent to net loss for all periods presented.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended September 30,															
	2022					2021				20		2021				
		Class A	Class B		Class A			Class B	Class A			Class B		Class A		Class B
		(ir	ı thou	ısands, except sh	and per share d		(in thousands, except share and per share data)									
Numerator:																
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	(38,067)	\$	(27,999)	\$	(3,782)	\$	(12,742)	\$	(87,069)	\$	(68,529)	\$	(12,748)	\$	(45,802)
				<del></del>							_			<u></u>	_	
Denominator:																
Weighted-average shares used in computing		250 220 200		100 000 =00		00.400.505		242 ==0 2==		250 005 002		105 100 005		60 540 545		225 442 425
net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted		259,230,808		190,668,729		93,126,705		313,759,355		250,807,903		197,403,805		62,748,745		225,442,127
stockholders, basic and diluted	_		_		_		_		-		_		_		_	
Net loss per share:																
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.35)	\$	(0.35)	\$	(0.20)	\$	(0.20)
otocimoracio, basic and diluted	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	

The potential shares of Class A common stock that were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders for the periods presented because including them would have been anti-dilutive were as follows (there were none for Class B common stock for both periods presented):

	As of Sept	tember 30,
	2022	2021
Outstanding stock options	69,845,695	64,701,181
Restricted stock units	24,961,669	3,511,500
Shares subject to vesting	3,044,461	_
Warrants		25,065,608
ESPP	2,863,702	_
Total	100,715,527	93,278,289
	27	

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis provide information that management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our consolidated results of operations and financial condition. You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with the Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K, including the audited consolidated financial statements of 23andMe Holding Co. as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included therein, as well as the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Form 10-Q.

In addition to historical information, this discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including those discussed in the Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K and our subsequent reports filed with the SEC, that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or anticipated results. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" to the "Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to 23andMe Holding Co., a Delaware corporation formerly known as VG Acquisition Corp. and its consolidated subsidiaries. References to VG Acquisition Corp. or "VGAC" refer to the Company prior to the consummation of the Business Combination.

#### Overview

23andMe Holding Co. is a mission-driven company dedicated to empowering customers to live healthier lives. Our mission is to help people access, understand, and benefit from the human genome.

We pioneered direct-to-customer genetic testing through our PGS products and services. Our PGS business provides customers with a full suite of genetic reports, including information on customers' genetic ancestral origins, personal genetic health risks, and chances of passing on certain rare carrier conditions to their children, as well as reports on how genetics can affect responses to medications. We believe that by providing customers with direct access to their genetic information, we can empower them to make better decisions by arming them with information about their risks of developing certain diseases or conditions and by highlighting opportunities for prevention and mitigation of disease. We provide customers with an engaging experience, including access to frequent updates to their genetic health and ancestry reports and new product features, the ability to connect with genetic relatives, and a subscription option for extended health insights. Customers have the option to participate in our research programs and over 80% of our customers have done so. We analyze consenting customers' genotypic data together with phenotypic data they provide to us concerning their physical characteristics, family origins, lifestyle, and other habits. We analyze this data using our proprietary machine learning and other analytic techniques in order to discover insights into whether and how particular genetic variants affect the likelihood of individuals developing specific diseases. These insights may highlight opportunities to develop a drug to treat or cure a specific disease.

We completed our acquisition of Lemonaid Health, Inc. ("Lemonaid Health") on November 1, 2021 (the "Lemonaid Acquisition"). Lemonaid Health, an on-demand platform for accessing medical care and pharmacy services online, offers telemedicine, lab, and pharmacy services to patients in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the U.K. We believe that the addition of Lemonaid Health's telehealth services to our consumer business will enable us to bring better healthcare to individuals in an affordable and accessible way and offer personalized healthcare, based on a patient's wellness, choices, and genetics.

Our Therapeutics business focuses on the use of genetic insights to validate and develop novel therapies to improve patients' lives. We currently have research programs across several therapeutic areas, including oncology, respiratory, and cardiovascular diseases. In July 2018, we signed an exclusive agreement with an affiliate of GlaxoSmithKline plc ("GSK") to leverage genetic insights to validate, develop, and commercialize promising drugs (the "GSK Agreement"). This multi-year collaboration is expected to identify and prioritize genetically validated drug targets, enable rapid progression of clinical programs, and bring useful new drugs to market. In addition to our collaboration with GSK, we have several proprietary programs, one of which is being pursued in collaboration with Almirall, S.A.

Our most advanced program is our joint immuno-oncology antibody collaboration program with GSK targeting CD96 (GSK6097608, a.k.a. GSK'608). We elected to take a royalty option on the program. GSK will be solely responsible for GSK'608's subsequent development in later-stage clinical trials, including full development costs moving forward. Our second most advanced program, 23ME-00610, is an antibody that blocks the suppression of T-cells by tumors and reactivates their immune response. 23ME-00610 is wholly owned by us, and this program entered Phase 1 clinical trials in January 2022. Following the expiration of the GSK Agreement, we will have the opportunity to collaborate with, or out-license other wholly owned programs to third parties or to develop them independently.

We operate in two reporting segments: Consumer and Research Services, and Therapeutics. The Consumer and Research Services segment consists of our PGS and telehealth business, as well as research services that we perform under agreements with third parties, including the GSK Agreement, relating to the use of our genotypic and phenotypic data to identify promising drug targets. The Therapeutics segment consists of revenues from the outlicensing of intellectual property associated with identified drug targets and expenses related to therapeutic product candidates under clinical development. For the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, all our revenues were derived from our Consumer and Research Services segment. There was no Therapeutics revenue for all periods presented.

The table below reflects our revenue for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

		Three Mon Septem				Six Months Ended September 30,								
	2022	2021	\$	Change	% Change	2022		2021	\$	Change	% Change			
		 (dollars in t	thous	sands)	(dollars in thousands)									
Consumer and Research Services Revenue	\$ 75,659	\$ 55,204	\$	20,455	37 %	\$ 140,172	\$	114,443	\$	25,729	22 %			
Total Revenue	\$ 75,659	\$ 55,204	\$	20,455	37 %	\$ 140,172	\$	114,443	\$	25,729	22 %			

The table below reflects our two segments' Adjusted EBITDA (as defined below) for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

		Three Mon Septem				Six Months Ended September 30,								
	 2022	2021	\$ (	Change	% Change	2022		2021	\$	Change	% Change			
	 <u></u>	(dollars in t	hous	ands)				(dollars in	th	ousands)				
<b>Consumer and Research Services</b>														
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,324	\$ (760)	\$	3,084	NM <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ (14,673)	\$	(1,265)	\$	(13,408)	NM <sup>(2)</sup>			
Therapeutics														
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (18,663)	\$ (18,828)	\$	165	(1%)	(37,128)	\$	(37,131)	\$	3	(0%)			

- (1) Adjusted EBITDA is the measure of segment profitability reported to our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), who is our chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"). We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) before net interest income (expense), net other income (expense), changes in fair value of warrant liabilities, income tax benefit, depreciation and amortization of fixed assets, amortization of internal use software, amortization of acquired intangible assets, non-cash stock-based compensation exp0nse, acquisition-related costs, and expenses related to restructuring and other charges, if applicable, for the period. See "—Adjusted EBITDA" below for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net loss.
- (2) Not Meaningful

#### **Key Factors Affecting Results of Operations**

We believe that our performance and future success depend on several factors that present significant opportunities for us but also pose risks and challenges, including those set forth in Part I, Item 1A., "Risk Factors," of the Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K.

#### **New Customer Acquisition**

<u>PGS</u>. Our ability to attract new customers is a key factor for the future growth of our PGS business and our database. Our historical financial performance has largely been driven by the rate of sales of our PGS kits. Revenue from our PGS business, primarily composed of kit sales, represented approximately 60% and 81% of our total revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and approximately 63% and 81% of our total revenues for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In addition, kit sales are a source of subscribers to our new subscription service, which represented approximately 5% and 3% of our total revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and approximately 5% and 2% of our total revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. We expect PGS revenues to grow through a combination of kit sales, our new subscription service, and new product offerings that enhance or add new product features. This will be achieved by increasing awareness of our current and new offerings in existing markets and expanding into new markets.

Purchasing patterns of our kits are largely influenced by product innovation, marketing spends, and varying levels of price discounting on our products. These promotional windows have typically aligned with gift-giving portions of the year, with an emphasis on the holiday period, other gift-giving and family-oriented holidays such as Mother's Day and Father's Day, and Amazon Prime Day, which may change from year to year. Historically, we have experienced higher revenue in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year compared to other quarters. Over time, we expect the seasonality of our business to continue, with pronounced increases in revenue recognized in the fourth fiscal quarter. We generally incur higher sales and marketing expenses during holiday promotional periods, which have included, among others, Mother's Day, Father's Day, and the November-December holidays.

<u>Telehealth</u>. Our ability to attract new patients and members is a key factor for the future growth of our telehealth business. Revenue from our telehealth business represented approximately 15% and 17% of our total revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. Telehealth awareness, acceptance, and usage have been positively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, leading to increased consumer acceptance of virtual care. While we anticipate continued growth, there are many participants in the telehealth market, including new entrants and traditional health care systems offering virtual care, and competition is intense.

#### **Engagement of Research Participants**

Our ability to conduct research and grow our database of genotypic and phenotypic information depends on our customers' willingness to consent to participate in our research. Over 80% of our customers have consented to participate in research. These customers permit us to use their de-identified data in our research and many of them regularly respond to our research surveys, providing us with phenotypic data in addition to the genetic data in their DNA samples. We analyze this genotypic and phenotypic data and conduct genome-wide association studies and phenome-wide association studies, which enable us to determine whether particular genetic variants affect the likelihood of individuals developing certain diseases.

Our customers can withdraw their consent to participate in research at any time. If a significant number of our customers were to withdraw their consent, or if the percentage of consenting customers were to decline significantly in the future, our ability to conduct research successfully could be diminished, which could adversely affect our business.

#### **Drug Target Productivity of Our Genetics Database**

Our genetics database underpins our research programs and enables us to identify drug targets with novel genetic evidence. As of March 31, 2022, we have identified over 50 drug targets. We expect the current productivity of our genetics database to continue based on the increasing amounts of data that we expect to result from increased kit sales and customer engagement. Any significant decline in such productivity would have a negative impact on our ability to identify drug targets and ultimately to develop and commercialize new drugs.

#### **Development of Therapeutic Product Candidates**

Our ability to successfully identify and develop therapeutic product candidates will determine the success of our Therapeutics business over time. Developing therapeutic product candidates with novel genetic evidence requires a significant investment of resources over a prolonged period of time, and a core part of our strategy is to continue making sustained investments in this area. We have over 50 programs in our pipeline in various stages of research and development that have been selected and are being pursued.

We have one therapeutic product candidate, GSK6097608, our joint immuno-oncology antibody program with GSK, in clinical development, for which we have elected to take a royalty option. Our wholly-owned immuno-oncology antibody, 23ME-00610, entered Phase 1 clinical trials in January 2022. Additional programs are in research or preclinical stages of development. We have incurred, and will continue to incur, significant research and development costs for preclinical studies and clinical trials. We expect that our research and development expenses will continue to constitute a significant portion of our expenses in future periods.

#### **Collaborations**

Substantially all of our research services revenues are generated from the GSK Agreement. In January 2022, GSK elected to exercise its option to extend the exclusive target discovery period of the ongoing collaboration with us for an additional year to July 2023. In October 2022, we received a one-time payment of \$50.0 million from GSK in consideration of the exercise of the option pursuant to the GSK Agreement. In addition, we elected to take a royalty option on our joint immuno-oncology antibody collaboration program with GSK targeting CD96 (GSK6097608, a.k.a. GSK'608). GSK will be solely responsible for GSK'608's subsequent development in later-stage clinical trials, including full development costs moving forward.

Our ability to enter into new collaboration agreements upon the expiration of the GSK Agreement will affect our research services revenues. If we are unable to enter into additional collaboration agreements, our future research services revenue may decline.

#### Ability to Commercialize Our Therapeutics Products

Our ability to generate revenue from our therapeutic product candidates depends on our and our collaborators' ability to successfully complete clinical trials for our therapeutic product candidates and receive regulatory approval, particularly in the United States, Europe, and other major markets.

We believe that our broad portfolio of therapeutic product candidates with novel genetic evidence and validated targets enhances the likelihood that our research and development efforts will yield successful therapeutic product candidates. Nonetheless, we cannot be certain if any of our therapeutic product candidates will receive regulatory approvals. Even if such approvals are granted, we will thereafter need to establish manufacturing and supply arrangements and engage in extensive marketing efforts and expenses prior to generating any revenue from such products. The ultimate commercial success of our products will depend on their acceptance by patients, the medical community, and third-party payors, their ability to compete effectively with other therapies in the market, and the appropriate pricing and reimbursement of the products by third-party payors.

The competitive environment is also an important factor with the commercial success of our therapeutic product candidates, and our ability to successfully commercialize a therapeutic product candidate will depend on whether there are competing therapeutic product candidates in development or already marketed by other companies.

#### **Expansion into New Categories**

We launched our 23andMe+ subscription service in October 2020, and through the Lemonaid Acquisition, we began providing access to telehealth services in November 2021. We expect to expand into new categories and innovative healthcare models with the goal of driving future growth. Those opportunities include product enhancements, such as our proprietary polygenic risk scores, new product offerings aimed at extending our personalized and customer-centric philosophy to primary healthcare, and potential additional acquisitions of other consumer-oriented healthcare businesses. Such expansion would allow us to increase the number of engaged customers who purchase or subscribe for additional products and services.

Success of our subscription service will depend upon our ability to acquire and retain subscribing customers over an extended period. Retention of customers will be based on the perceived value of the premium content and features they receive. If we are unable to provide sufficiently compelling new content and features, subscribers may not renew.

Similarly, the success of our telehealth business is dependent on our ability to attract and retain patients and members. Category expansion allows us to increase the number of patients to whom we can provide products and services. It also allows us to offer access to treatment of additional conditions that may already affect our current patients. Expanding into new categories will require financial investments in additional headcount, marketing and customer acquisition expenses, additional operational capabilities, and may require the purchase of new inventory. If we are unable to generate sufficient demand in new categories, we may not recover the financial investments we make into new categories and revenue may not increase in the future.

#### **Investments in Growth and Innovation**

Our research platform is based on a continually growing database of genotypic and phenotypic information. Our database allows us to conduct analyses in a multi-directional fashion, by searching for genetic signatures of particular diseases or the likelihood of a particular genetic variant causing disease in a particular individual or group of individuals who share the same trait. Our platform enables us to rapidly and serially conduct studies across an almost unlimited number of conditions at unprecedented statistical power, yielding insights into the causes and potential treatments of a wide variety of diseases.

We believe that our research platform enables us to rapidly identify genetically validated drug targets with improved odds of clinical success. With our state-of- the-art bioinformatics capabilities, we analyze the trillions of data points in our database, optimizing the use of our resources, to genetically validate drug targets, inform patient selection for clinical trials, and increase the probability of success of our programs. We plan to advance new drugs through the rapid selection of those with compelling clinical promise.

We expect to continue investing in our business to capitalize on market opportunities and the long-term growth of our company. We intend to make significant investments in therapeutics research and development efforts and in marketing to acquire new customers and drive brand awareness, and also expect to incur software development costs as we work to enhance our existing products, expand the depth of our subscription service, and design new offerings, including additional primary care offerings. In addition, we expect to incur additional expenses as a result of operating as a public company. The expenses we incur may vary significantly by quarter depending, for example, on when significant hiring takes place, and as we focus on building out different aspects of our business.

#### **COVID-19 Impact**

We are continuing to closely monitor the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in all aspects of our business. We rely entirely on third-party vendors in our PGS and telehealth supply chain, including our PGS kit and array manufacturers, order fulfillment vendor, our DNA-processing lab vendor, and drug suppliers for our pharmacy business. These vendors have independent responses to managing the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic. We have been amplifying monitoring of our inventory levels and supply chain and have not experienced any significant disruptions in our ability to fulfill and process PGS or telehealth orders to date. If we experience delays or other challenges in obtaining supplies necessary for the production, fulfillment, or distribution of the products or services we offer, it could negatively affect our ability to satisfy our obligations to customers and maintain our operations in a cost-efficient manner and have a material adverse effect on our business.

With respect to our telehealth services, the COVID-19 pandemic has increased awareness, acceptance, and usage of virtual medical care and pharmacy services, resulting in greater consumer trial and use of telehealth. While we believe that these trends present significant opportunities for our telehealth services, it is uncertain whether the increase in demand caused by COVID-19 will continue.

In our Therapeutics segment, the advancement of our programs requires our scientists to have physical access to our laboratory facilities on a continuing basis, and we have implemented health and safety protocols and procedures to keep our laboratory facilities operating during the COVID-19 pandemic. In an effort to provide a safe work environment for our employees, we have, among other things, increased the cadence of sanitization and air filtration in our office and lab facilities. We continue to monitor the impact and effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and our response to it, and we expect to continue to take actions as may be required or recommended by government authorities or as we determine are in the best interests of our employees and other business partners in light of the pandemic.

Despite the introduction and continued administration of COVID-19 vaccines, the pandemic remains highly volatile and continues to evolve. We cannot accurately predict the duration or extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus, including the Omicron, Delta, and other variants and other areas that may affect our business operations. Despite our mitigation efforts, we may experience delays or an inability to execute on our clinical and preclinical development plans, reduced revenues or other adverse impacts to our business, which are described in more detail in Part I, Item 1A., "Risk Factors," of the Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K. The duration of the COVID-19 pandemic and the impact of the efforts being made to contain it or to flatten the spread of the disease cannot be predicted with any accuracy, and this uncertainty could have a material impact on our financial results for the foreseeable future.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes of the Company included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q include the accounts of 23andMe Holding Co. and its consolidated subsidiaries and variable interest entities and were prepared in accordance with GAAP. As 23andMe, Inc. is considered the Company's accounting predecessor, certain historical financial information presented in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements represents the accounts of 23andMe, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary.

As discussed above, we operate in two reporting segments: Consumer and Research Services, and Therapeutics. The Consumer and Research Services segment consists of our PGS and telehealth business, as well as research services that we perform under agreements with third parties, including the GSK Agreement, relating to the use of our genotypic and phenotypic data to identify promising drug targets. The Therapeutics segment consists of revenues from the out-licensing of intellectual property associated with identified drug targets and expenses related to therapeutic product candidates under clinical development. Substantially all our revenues are derived from our Consumer and Research Services segment.

#### **Key Business Metrics**

We monitor the following key metrics to help us evaluate our business, identify trends, formulate business plans, and make strategic decisions. We believe the following metrics are useful in evaluating our business:

- *PGS Customers.* When we refer to our "Customers," this means individuals who have registered a PGS kit and provided their DNA sample. We view Customers as an important metric to assess our financial performance because each Customer has registered a kit and has engaged with us by providing us with their DNA sample. These Customers may be interested in purchasing additional PGS products and services or in becoming subscribers to our new 23andMe+ subscription service, especially if they consent to participate in our research. We had approximately 13.4 million and 11.9 million Customers as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Consenting Customers. "Consenting Customers" are Customers who have affirmatively opted in to participate in our research program. Consenting Customers are critical to our research programs and to the continuing growth of our database, which we use to identify drug targets and to generate new and interesting additional ancestry and health reports. Moreover, Consenting Customers respond to our research surveys, providing useful phenotypic data about their traits, habits, and lifestyles, which we analyze using de-identified data to determine whether a genetic variant makes an individual more or less likely to develop certain diseases. A Consenting Customer is likely to be more engaged with our brand, which may lead to the purchase of our 23andMe+ subscription service and to participation in further research studies, helping us to advance our research. Over 80% of our Customers are Consenting Customers.
- *Subscribers*. This metric represents the number of subscribers who have signed up for our 23andMe+ subscription service, which was launched in October 2020. We believe that 23andMe+ will position us for future growth, as the annual membership model represents a previously untapped source of recurring revenue. We are continually investing in new reports and features to provide to subscribers as part of the 23andMe+ membership, which we believe will enhance customer lifetime value as customers can make new discoveries about themselves. We believe that this, in turn, will help to scale our customer acquisition costs and create expanding network effects. As of the fiscal years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, our 23andMe+ membership base had approximately 425,000 and 125,000 subscribers, respectively.
- Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is the measure of segment profitability reported to our CEO, the CODM. See "—Adjusted EBITDA" below for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net loss.

#### **Components of Results of Operations**

#### Revenue

We recognize revenue in accordance with Topic 606 when we transfer promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Our consolidated revenue is composed primarily of sales of PGS kits to customers and telehealth services which include online medical visits, pharmacy services, and memberships, as well as revenues from target discovery activities as part of our research collaborations through our Consumer and Research Services segment. Additionally, revenue is generated through our collaboration agreements in our Therapeutics segment primarily as a result of the out-licensing of intellectual property to collaboration partners.

See Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," to our accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for a more detailed discussion of our revenue recognition policies.

#### Cost of Revenue, Gross Profit, and Gross Margin

Cost of revenue for PGS primarily consists of cost of raw materials, lab processing fees, personnel-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, and stock-based compensation, shipping and handling, and allocated overhead. Cost of revenue for telehealth primarily consists of personnel-related expenses that we incur for medical services, prescription drug costs, packaging and shipping, and amortization of intangible assets. Cost of revenue for research services primarily consists of personnel-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, and stock-based compensation, and allocated overhead. We expect cost of revenue to increase in the foreseeable future in absolute dollars but gradually decrease as a percentage of revenue over the long term.

Our gross profit represents total revenue less our total cost of revenue, and our gross margin is our gross profit expressed as a percentage of our total revenue. Our gross profit and gross margin have been and will continue to be affected by a number of factors, including the volume of PGS kit sales recognized, the prices we charge for our PGS products and research services, the prices we charge for telehealth services (medical visits, pharmacy services, and memberships), the fees we incur for lab processing PGS kits, the costs we incur for medical services and prescription drug costs, the revenues from our collaboration agreements and the personnel costs to fulfill them. We expect our Consumer and Research Services gross margin to increase over the long term as subscription revenues become a higher percentage of revenue mix, although our gross margin may fluctuate from period to period. Substantially all our research services revenue is currently derived from the GSK Agreement. If we are unable to add new research services agreements, our research services revenue may decline substantially following the expiration of the GSK Agreement in July 2023.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Our operating expenses primarily consist of research and development, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses. Personnel-related expenses, which include salaries, benefits, and stock-based compensation, is the most significant component of research and development and general and administrative expenses. Advertising and brand-related spend and personnel-related expenses represent the primary components of sales and marketing expenses. Operating expenses also include allocated overhead costs. Overhead costs that are not substantially dedicated for use by a specific functional group are allocated based on headcount. Allocated overhead costs include shared costs associated with facilities (including rent and utilities) and related personnel, information technology and related personnel, and depreciation of property and equipment.

#### Research and Development Expenses

Our research and development expenses support our efforts to add new services and add new features to our existing services, and to ensure the reliability and scalability of our services across our Consumer and Research Services segment. Research and development expenses also include our efforts to discover and genetically validate new therapeutic product candidates and continue to develop our portfolio of existing therapeutic product candidates, either our own proprietary programs or those in collaboration with partners across our Therapeutics segment. Research and development expenses primarily consist of personnel-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, and stock-based compensation associated with our research and development personnel, collaboration expenses, preclinical and clinical trial costs, laboratory services and supplies costs, third-party data services, and allocated overhead.

We plan to continue to invest in personnel to support our research and development efforts. We intend to make significant investments in therapeutics research and development efforts as we ramp up our clinical trials and continue the GSK collaboration. This multi-year collaboration with GSK is expected to validate drug targets with novel genetic evidence, enable rapid progression of clinical programs, and bring useful new drugs to market. We expect that research and development expenses will increase on an absolute dollar basis in the foreseeable future as we continue to invest in our products, pipeline, and infrastructure for long-term growth. In addition, our research and development expenses may fluctuate as a percentage of revenue from period to period due to the timing and amount of these expenses.

#### Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of advertising costs, personnel-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, and stock-based compensation associated with our sales and marketing personnel, amortization of intangible assets, and outside services.

Advertising and brand costs consist primarily of direct expenses related to television and radio advertising, including production and branding, paid search, online display advertising, direct mail, affiliate programs, marketing collateral, market research and public relations. Advertising production costs are expensed the first time the advertising takes place, and all other advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Deferred advertising costs primarily consist of vendor payments made in advance to secure media spots across varying media channels, as well as production costs incurred before the first time the advertising takes place. Deferred advertising costs are expensed on the first date the advertisements occur. In addition, advertising costs include platform fees due to brokers related to our third-party retailers.

We expect our sales and marketing expenses to gradually decrease as a percentage of revenue over the long term, although our sales and marketing expenses may fluctuate as a percentage of revenue from period to period due to promotional strategies that drive the timing and amount of these expenses.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses primarily consist of personnel-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, and stock-based compensation associated with corporate management, including our CEO office, finance, legal, compliance, regulatory, corporate communications and other administrative personnel. In addition, general and administrative expenses include professional fees for external legal, accounting, and other consulting services, as well as credit card processing fees related to PGS kit sales and telehealth services.

We expect general and administrative expenses to increase for the foreseeable future as we increase headcount with the growth of our business. We also expect general and administrative expenses to increase in the near term as a result of operating as a public company, including expenses associated with compliance with SEC rules and regulations, and related increases in legal, audit, insurance, investor relations, professional services, and other administrative expenses. However, we anticipate general and administrative expenses to gradually decrease as a percentage of revenue over the long term, although it may fluctuate as a percentage of total revenue from period to period due to the timing and amount of these expenses.

#### Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) includes interest income, net, and other income (expense), net. Interest income, net primarily consists of interest income earned on our cash deposits and cash equivalents. Other income (expense), net primarily consists of change in fair value of warrants liabilities, effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, and other non-operating income and expenditures.

#### Benefit from Income Taxes

The income tax benefit primarily consists of an adjustment to the Lemonaid Health deferred tax liability recorded in fiscal year 2022. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management believes it is not more likely than not to be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income. Management makes estimates and judgments about future taxable income based on assumptions that are consistent with our plans and estimates.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Comparisons for Three and Six Months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The following table sets forth our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the dollar and percentage change between the two periods:

		Three Mont Septemb			Six Months Ended September 30,								
	2022	2021		\$ Change	% Change	2022		2021	\$	Change	% Change		
		(dollars in t	hou	sands)				(dollars in	thou	ısands)			
Revenue	\$ 75,659	\$ 55,204	\$	20,455	37 % \$	140,172	\$	114,443	\$	25,729	22 %		
Cost of revenue <sup>(2)</sup>	37,386	27,276		10,110	37 %	76,409		55,818		20,591	37 %		
Gross profit	38,273	27,928		10,345	37 %	63,763		58,625		5,138	9%		
Operating expenses:					_								
Research and development <sup>(2)</sup>	52,598	44,523		8,075	18 %	104,607		88,755		15,852	18 %		
Sales and marketing <sup>(2)</sup>	24,835	13,588		11,247	83 %	58,269		29,007		29,262	101 %		
General and administrative <sup>(2)</sup>	28,881	16,264		12,617	78 %	58,524		28,860		29,664	103 %		
Total operating expenses	106,314	74,375		31,939	43 %	221,400		146,622		74,778	51 %		
Loss from operations	(68,041)	(46,447)		(21,594)	46 %	(157,637)		(87,997)		(69,640)	79 %		
Other (expense) income:													
Interest income, net	1,392	92		1,300	NM <sup>(1)</sup>	1,637		136		1,501	NM <sup>(1)</sup>		
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	_	29,828		(29,828)	(100 %)	_		29,294		(29,294)	(100%)		
Other income (expense), net	(687)	3		(690)	NM (1)	(1,122)		17		(1,139)	NM (1)		
Loss before income taxes	(67,336)	(16,524)		(50,812)	308 %	(157,122)		(58,550)		(98,572)	168 %		
Benefit from income taxes	1,271	_		1,271	100 %	1,525		_		1,525	100 %		
Net loss	\$ (66,065)	\$ (16,524)	\$	(49,541)	300 %	(155,597)	\$	(58,550)	\$	(97,047)	166 %		

- (1) Not meaningful
- (2) Includes stock-based compensation expense as follows:

	Three Moi Septem				ths Ended aber 30,			
	2022		2021	 2022	2021			
	 (in tho	usands)	)	 (in tho	ousands)			
Cost of revenue	\$ 2,413	\$	945	\$ 5,740	\$	1,743		
Research and development	12,003		5,450	24,079		11,057		
Sales and marketing	2,003		860	4,892		1,763		
General and administrative	12,548		3,172	24,719		5,501		
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 28,967	\$	10,427	\$ 59,430	\$	20,064		

The following table sets forth our condensed consolidated statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of revenue for the periods indicated:

	Three Months E September 3		Six Months Ended September 30,		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	(as a percentage of tot	tal revenue)	(as a percentage of t	otal revenue)	
Revenue	100%	100 %	100 %	100 %	
Cost of revenue	49 %	49 %	55 %	49 %	
Gross margin	51 %	51 %	45 %	51 %	
Operating expenses:					
Research and development	70 %	81 %	74%	78 %	
Sales and marketing	33 %	25 %	41 %	25 %	
General and administrative	38 %	29 %	42 %	25 %	
Total operating expenses	141 %	135 %	157 %	128 %	
Loss from operations	(90%)	(84%)	(112 %)	(77%)	
Other (expense) income:					
Interest income, net	2 %	0%	1%	0%	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	0%	54%	0%	26%	
Other income (expense), net	(1%)	0%	(1%)	0%	
Loss before income taxes	(89 %)	(30 %)	(112 %)	(51%)	
Benefit from income taxes	2 %	0%	1%	0%	
Net loss	(87 %)	(30 %)	(111 %)	(51%)	

#### Revenue

Total revenue increased by \$20.5 million, or 37%, for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was due primarily to an increase in consumer services revenue of \$11.7 million attributable to three months of telehealth services revenue from the Lemonaid Acquisition and a \$1.9 million increase in subscription services revenue, partially offset by a \$1.5 million decrease in PGS revenue driven mainly by lower PGS kit sales volume. Research services revenue increased by \$8.4 million due primarily to a \$4.9 million increase in GSK collaboration revenue related to the GSK Agreement and a \$3.5 million increase in revenue under research contracts with third parties in connection with the achievement of certain non-recurring milestones.

Total revenue increased by \$25.7 million, or 22%, for the six months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was due primarily to an increase in consumer services revenue of \$23.6 million attributable to six months of telehealth services revenue from the Lemonaid Acquisition and a \$3.6 million increase in subscription services revenue, partially offset by a \$7.0 million decrease in PGS revenue driven mainly by lower PGS kit sales volume. Research services revenue increased by \$5.5 million due primarily to a \$3.5 million increase in revenue under research contracts with third parties in connection with the achievement of certain non-recurring milestones, and an increase of \$2.0 million in GSK collaboration revenue related to the GSK Agreement.

## Cost of Revenue, Gross Profit and Gross Margin

Total cost of revenue increased by \$10.1 million, or 37%, for the three months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2021. Cost of revenue for consumer services increased by \$12.8 million, driven mainly by a \$12.6 million increase in telehealth services cost of revenue, primarily from \$5.9 million in personnel-related expenses, \$3.2 million in allocated overhead costs, \$1.4 million in shipping and supplies and \$0.9 million in amortization expense for developed technology. Cost of revenue for research services decreased by \$2.7 million primarily due to lower project hours pursuant to the GSK Agreement.

Total cost of revenue increased by \$20.6 million, or 37%, for the six months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the six months ended September 30, 2021. Cost of revenue for consumer services increased by \$24.2 million, driven mainly by a \$24.5 million increase in telehealth services cost of revenue, primarily from \$11.8 million in personnel-related expenses, \$6.2 million in allocated overhead costs, \$2.6 million in shipping and supplies, and \$1.7 million in amortization expense for developed technology, partially offset by a \$0.3 million decrease primarily related to lower PGS kit sales volume. Cost of revenue for research services decreased by \$3.6 million primarily due to lower project hours pursuant to the GSK Agreement.

Our gross profit increased by \$10.3 million, or 37%, to \$38.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$27.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to the increases in consumer services revenue and research services revenue as discussed above.

Our gross profit increased by \$5.1 million, or 9%, to \$63.8 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022, from \$58.6 million for the six months ended September 30, 2021. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to the increases in consumer services revenue and research services revenue as discussed above.

Our gross margin remained the same year over year at 51% for both the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2022. While we experienced increased research service revenue related to milestone achievements that required minimal costs due to their one-time nature, increased GSK collaboration revenue, and growth in subscription services, which generated a higher gross margin than our PGS kit sales, during the three months ended September 30, 2022, these gross margin increases were offset by the integration of the telehealth business, which generated a lower gross margin than our PGS kit sales and research services, and its share of overhead allocations, as well as increased PGS shipping and distribution expenses.

Our gross margin declined year over year, from 51% for the six months ended September 30, 2021, to 45% for the six months ended September 30, 2022, due to the integration of the telehealth business, which generated a lower gross margin than our PGS kit sales and research services, and its share of overhead allocations, as well as increased PGS shipping and distributions expenses.

#### Research and Development Expenses

The following table sets forth our research and development expenses for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the dollar and percentage change between the two periods:

			Ionths Ended ember 30,		Six Months Ended September 30,				
	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	
		(dollars in thousands)			(dollars in thousands)				
Personnel-related expenses	\$ 30,422	\$ 20,217	\$ 10,205	50%\$	61,162	\$ 40,003	\$ 21,159	53%	
Lab-related research services	7,941	10,353	(2,412)	(23%)	15,511	21,498	(5,987)	(28%)	
Depreciation, equipment and supplies	2,474	2,457	17	1%	4,588	4,664	(76)	(2%)	
Facilities, other overhead allocation, and other	11,761	11,496	265	2%	23,346	22,590	756	3%	
Total research and development expenses	\$ 52,598	\$ 44,523	\$ 8,075	18% <u>\$</u>	104,607	\$ 88,755	\$ 15,852	18%	

Research and development expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2022 was \$52.6 million, compared to \$44.5 million for three months ended September 30, 2021. This increase of \$8.1 million, or 18%, was primarily attributable to the increase in personnel-related expenses of \$10.2 million, due to increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation, growth in headcount, and stock-based compensation in connection with new equity awards granted under the 2021 Plan, as well as accrued compensation under the 2022 AIP adopted on June 9, 2022. This increase was partially offset by a \$2.4 million decrease in lab-related research services primarily due to decreased spending on the GSK6097608 program following our election to adopt the royalty option instead of continuing to share in development costs.

Research and development expenses for the six months ended September 30, 2022, was \$104.6 million, compared to \$88.8 million for the six months ended September 30, 2021. This increase of \$15.9 million, or 18%, was primarily attributable to the increase in personnel-related expenses of \$21.2 million, due to increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation, growth in headcount, and stock-based compensation in connection with new equity awards granted under the 2021 Plan, as well as accrued compensation under the 2022 AIP. This increase was partially offset by a \$6.0 million decrease in lab-related research services primarily due to the exercise of our rights under the GSK Agreement to opt out of cost sharing with respect to further research on therapeutic product candidate GSK6097608.

For both the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, 54% and 52% of total research and development expenses were attributable to the Consumer and Research Services business, respectively, and 46% and 48% were attributable to our Therapeutics business, respectively.

#### Sales and Marketing Expenses

The following table sets forth our sales and marketing expenses for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the dollar and percentage change between the two periods:

		Three Months Ended September 30,					Six Months Ended September 30,						
	202	22		2021	\$	Change	% Change	2022		2021		\$ Change	% Change
			(dollars in thousands)			 		(doll	lars i	n thousands)			
Advertising & brand	\$ 12	2,380	\$	7,134	\$	5,246	74 %	\$ 32,915	\$	16,187	\$	16,728	103 %
Personnel-related expenses	5	,297		3,157		2,140	68 %	11,417		6,314		5,103	81 %
Outside services, equipment and supplies	1	,773		1,426		347	24 %	3,196		2,773		423	15 %
Depreciation & amortization	3	3,266		_		3,266	100 %	6,581		_		6,581	100 %
Facilities and other overhead allocation	2	2,119		1,871		248	13 %	 4,160		3,733		427	11 %
Total sales and marketing expenses	\$ 24	1,835	\$	13,588	\$	11,247	83 %	\$ 58,269	\$	29,007	\$	29,262	101 %

Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2022 amounted to \$24.8 million, as compared to \$13.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021, representing an increase of \$11.2 million, or 83%. This increase was primarily driven by the \$5.2 million increase in advertising and brand-related spend in our marketing programs to grow our telehealth business. Depreciation and amortization increased \$3.3 million due to amortization of acquired intangible assets, including customer relationships, trademarks, and partnerships from the Lemonaid Acquisition. Additionally, personnel-related expenses increased by \$2.1 million due to increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation, growth in headcount, and stockbased compensation in connection with new equity awards granted under the 2021 Plan, as well as accrued compensation under the 2022 AIP.

Sales and marketing expenses for the six months ended September 30, 2022, amounted to \$58.3 million, as compared to \$29.0 million for the six months ended September 30, 2021, representing an increase of \$29.3 million, or 101%. This increase was primarily driven by the \$16.7 million increase in advertising and brand-related spend in our marketing programs mainly to grow our telehealth business. Depreciation and amortization increased \$6.6 million due to amortization of acquired intangible assets, including customer relationships, trademarks, and partnerships from the Lemonaid Acquisition. Additionally, personnel-related expenses increased by \$5.1 million due to increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation, growth in headcount, and stock-based compensation in connection with new equity awards granted under the 2021 Plan, as well as accrued compensation under the 2022 AIP.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

Total general and administrative expenses increased by \$12.6 million, or 78%, from \$16.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$28.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to the increase in personnel-related expenses of \$11.3 million, which was a result of increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation, growth in headcount, and stock-based compensation expense in connection with new equity awards granted under the 2021 Plan, as well as accrued compensation under the 2022 AIP. Facilities and overhead allocation increased by \$1.0 million, primarily due to higher allocated overhead costs driven by increased headcount, as well as increased personnel-related expenses for shared-cost departments during the three months ended September 30, 2022. Other operating expenses increased by \$0.3 million due to various other administrative expenses.

Total general and administrative expenses increased by \$29.7 million, or 103%, from \$28.9 million for the six months ended September 30, 2021, to \$58.5 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to the increase in personnel-related expenses of \$23.1 million, which was a result of increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation, growth in headcount, and stock-based compensation expense in connection with new equity awards granted under the 2021 Plan, as well as accrued compensation under the 2022 AIP. Other operating expenses increased by \$3.0 million, primarily due to an increase in director and officer insurance as a result of operating as a public company. Facilities and overhead allocation increased by \$2.0 million, primarily due to higher allocated overhead costs driven by increased headcount, as well as increased personnel-related expenses for shared-cost departments during the six months ended September 30, 2022. Outside services increased by \$1.5 million, primarily due to increased advisory, legal, and consulting services related to the Lemonaid Acquisition, and the associated integration fees.

#### Change in Fair Value of Warrant Liabilities

Benefit from change in fair value of warrant liabilities was \$29.8 million and \$29.3 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended September 30, 2021, due to a reduction in the fair value of the warrants that were assumed in connection with the Merger, which was primarily driven by movements in our stock price and volatility measurements.

As of March 31, 2022, all warrants were exercised or redeemed. Accordingly, there are no warrant liabilities outstanding in fiscal year 2023.

## **Adjusted EBITDA**

We evaluate the performance of each segment based on Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure that we define as net income (loss) before net interest income (loss), net other income (expense), changes in fair value of warrant liabilities, income tax benefit, depreciation and amortization of fixed assets, amortization of internal use software, amortization of acquired intangible assets, non-cash stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related costs, and expenses related to restructuring and other charges, if applicable for the period. Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure used by our management and our Board of Directors to understand and evaluate our operating performance and trends, to prepare and approve our annual budget, and to develop short- and long-term operating plans. In particular, we believe that the exclusion of the items eliminated in calculating Adjusted EBITDA provides useful measures for period-to-period comparisons of our business. Accordingly, we believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as our management and our Board of Directors. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. Other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate similarly-titled non-GAAP financial measures differently or may use other measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of Adjusted EBITDA as a tool for comparison. There are a number of limitations related to the use of these non-GAAP financial measures rather than net loss, which is the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Some of the limitations of Adjusted EBITDA include (i) Adjusted EBITDA does not properly reflect capital commitments to be paid in the future, and (ii) although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the underlying assets may need to be replaced and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect these capital expenditures. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we will incur expenses similar to the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by these expenses or any unusual or non-recurring items. When evaluating our performance, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA alongside other financial performance measures, including our net loss and other GAAP results.

The following tables reconcile net loss to Adjusted EBITDA for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 on a company-wide basis and for each of our segments:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Six Months Ended September 30,				
	2022 2021			2022			2021	
	<u></u>	(in thou	sands	)		(in thou	sand	s)
Segment Revenue								
Consumer and Research Services	\$	75,659	\$	55,204	\$	140,172	\$	114,443
Total revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	75,659	\$	55,204	\$	140,172	\$	114,443
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	-							
Consumer and Research Services Adjusted EBITDA	\$	2,324	\$	(760)	\$	(14,673)	\$	(1,265)
Therapeutics Adjusted EBITDA		(18,663)		(18,828)		(37,128)		(37,131)
Unallocated Corporate (2)		(13,316)		(10,095)		(27,568)		(18,563)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(29,655)	\$	(29,683)	\$	(79,369)	\$	(56,959)
Reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA								
Net loss	\$	(66,065)	\$	(16,524)	\$	(155,597)	\$	(58,550)
Adjustments:								-
Interest (income) expense, net		(1,392)		(92)		(1,637)		(136)
Other (income) expense, net		687		(3)		1,122		(17)
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities				(29,828)		_		(29,294)
Income tax benefit		(1,271)		_		(1,525)		-
Depreciation and amortization		5,152		4,871		10,256		9,508
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		4,267		_		8,582		-
Stock-based compensation expense		28,967		10,427		59,430		20,064
Acquisition-related costs <sup>(3)</sup>				1,466				1,466
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(29,655)	\$	(29,683)	\$	(79,369)	\$	(56,959)

- (1) There was no Therapeutics revenue for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.
- (2) Certain department expenses such as Finance, Legal, Regulatory and Supplier Quality, Corporate Communications, and CEO Office are not reported as part of the reporting segments as reviewed by the CODM. These amounts are included in Unallocated Corporate.
- (3) For the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, acquisition-related costs primarily consisted of advisory, legal and consulting fees related to the Lemonaid Acquisition.

#### **Consumer and Research Services**

Consumer and Research Services Adjusted EBITDA improved for the three months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2021, primarily due to (i) an increase in consumer services revenue of \$11.7 million attributable to three months of telehealth services revenue from the Lemonaid Acquisition and (ii) \$1.9 million growth in subscription services revenue, partially offset by a \$1.5 million decrease, driven mainly by lower PGS kit sales volume. Research services revenue increased by \$8.4 million due primarily to a \$4.9 million increase in GSK revenue related to the GSK Agreement and a \$3.5 million increase in revenue under research contracts with third parties in connection with the achievement of certain non-recurring milestones.

The foregoing increases in revenue were partially offset by a \$10.2 million increase in personnel-related expenses driven by increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation and growth in headcount, a \$5.2 million increase in advertising and brand-related spend in marketing programs, and a \$2.0 million increase in cost of revenue-related shipping, supplies, and consultant spend, all of which were primarily attributable to the inclusion to telehealth services.

Consumer and Research Services Adjusted EBITDA declined for the six months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the six months ended September 30, 2021, primarily due to (i) a \$20.0 million increase in personnel-related expenses driven by increased salaries and related taxes as a result of inflation and growth in headcount, (ii) a \$16.7 million increase in advertising and brand-related spend in marketing programs, and (iii) a \$3.7 million increase in cost of revenue-related shipping, supplies and consultant spend, all of which were primarily attributable to the inclusion of telehealth services.

The foregoing increases in expenses were partially offset by an increase in consumer services revenue of \$23.6 million attributable to six months of telehealth services from the Lemonaid Acquisition and \$3.6 million growth in subscription services revenue, partially offset by a \$7.0 million decrease, driven mainly by lower PGS kit sales volume. Research services revenue increased by \$5.5 million due primarily to a \$3.5 million increase in revenue under research contracts with third parties in connection with the achievement of certain non-recurring milestones and an increase of \$2.0 million in GSK revenue related to the GSK Agreement.

#### **Therapeutics**

Therapeutics' Adjusted EBITDA did not change significantly from the three and six months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the three and six months ended September 30, 2021.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We have financed our operations primarily through sales of equity securities and revenue from sales of PGS, telehealth, and research services. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, we received gross proceeds of \$309.7 million from the Merger and \$250.0 million from the PIPE investment. Our primary requirements for liquidity and capital are to fund operating needs and finance working capital, capital expenditures, and general corporate purposes.

As of September 30, 2022, our principal source of liquidity was our cash and cash equivalents balance of \$410.9 million, which is held for working capital purposes. We have incurred significant operating losses as reflected in our accumulated deficit and negative cash flows from operations. We had an accumulated deficit of \$1,350.3 million as of September 30, 2022. As of the date of this Form 10-Q, we believe our existing cash resources are sufficient to continue operating activities for the next 12 months.

We expect to continue to incur operating losses and negative cash flows from operations for the foreseeable future due to the investments we intend to continue to make in research and development, additional general and administrative expenses we expect to incur in connection with operating as a public company, and additional sales and marketing expenses we expect to incur as a result of the Lemonaid Acquisition. Cash from operations could also be affected from our customers and other risks set forth in Part I, Item 1A., "Risk Factors," of the Fiscal 2022 10-K. We expect to continue to maintain financing flexibility in the current market conditions. As a result, we may require additional capital resources to execute strategic initiatives to grow our business.

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors including our revenue growth rate, the timing and extent of spending to support further sales and marketing, and research and development efforts. We may continue to enter into arrangements to acquire or invest in complementary businesses, products, and technologies. We may, as a result of those arrangements or the general expansion of our business, be required to seek additional equity or debt financing. In the event that additional financing is required from outside sources, we may not be able to raise it on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity or equity-linked securities, our stockholders may experience dilution. Future debt financing, if available, may involve covenants restricting our operations or our ability to incur additional debt. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, our business, results of operations, and financial condition would be materially and adversely affected.

For the six months ended September 30, 2022, there were no material changes outside of the ordinary course of business in our commitments and contractual obligations disclosed in the Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K. See Note 8, "Commitments and Contingencies," to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q for additional details.

#### **Cash Flows**

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods presented:

		Six Months Ended September 30,						
	20	)22	2021					
		(in thousands)						
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(145,974)	\$	(107,025)				
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(4,951)	\$	(9,116)				
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$	7,182	\$	534,702				

#### **Cash Flows from Operating Activities**

Net cash used in operating activities of \$146.0 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022 was primarily related to a net loss of \$155.6 million, partially offset by non-cash charges for stock-based compensation of \$59.4 million, depreciation and amortization of \$16.7 million and amortization and impairment of internal-use software of \$2.1 million. The net changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$68.6 million were primarily related to an increase in accounts receivable of \$49.5 million mainly attributable to the \$50.0 million receivable related to the GSK Agreement, a decrease in accounts payable of \$27.0 million primarily due to timing of vendor payments, a decrease in accrued and other current liabilities of \$10.4 million due to timing of vendor invoice receipts, a decrease in operating lease liabilities of \$4.4 million primarily due to lease payments, and an increase in inventories of \$3.0 million due to increased purchases in preparation for holiday season sales. These were partially offset by an increase in deferred revenue of \$19.0 million as a result of increased deferred revenue related to GSK collaboration which is partially offset by decreases in PGS deferred revenue, a decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$4.9 million primarily due to the receipt of insurance claim payments, and a decrease in operating right-of-use assets of \$3.7 million primarily due to right-of-use assets amortization.

Net cash used in operating activities of \$107.0 million for the six months ended September 30, 2021 was primarily related to a net loss of \$58.6 million and changes in fair value of warrant liabilities of \$29.3 million, partially offset by non-cash charges for stock-based compensation of \$20.1 million, depreciation and amortization of \$8.4 million, and amortization of internal-use software of \$1.1 million. The net changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$48.8 million were primarily related to an increase in accounts receivable of \$24.2 million primarily attributable to an accounts receivable balance related to the GSK Agreement, an increase in inventories of \$11.5 million due to increased purchases in preparation for holiday season sales, an increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$5.4 million primarily due to increase in prepaid insurance, a decrease in operating lease liabilities of \$3.7 million primarily due to lease payments, and a decrease in deferred revenue of \$3.6 million primarily due to less PGS kit sales than revenue recognized during the period. These were partially offset by increased deferred revenue balance related to GSK collaboration, a decrease in accrued expenses and other current liabilities of \$2.3 million primarily due to timing of vendor invoice receipts, a decrease in accounts payable of \$1.0 million due to timing of vendor payments, and an increase in other assets of \$0.7 million primarily due to an increase in prepaid insurance, which were offset by a decrease in operating lease right-of-use assets of \$3.5 million primarily due to right-of-use assets amortization.

#### Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash flows from investing activities primarily relate to purchase of property and equipment, prepayments for intangible assets, as well as capitalization of internal-use software costs.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$5.0 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022, which consisted of capitalization of internal-use software costs of \$3.0 million and purchases of property and equipment of \$1.9 million.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$9.1 million for the six months ended September 30, 2021, which consisted of prepayments for intangible assets of \$5.5 million related to a patent rights purchase completed in October 2021, purchases of property and equipment of \$1.8 million and capitalization of internal-use software costs of \$1.8 million.

#### Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$7.2 million for the six months ended September 30, 2022, which consisted of \$3.9 million in proceeds from the exercise of stock options and \$3.2 million in proceeds from the issuance of common stock under the ESPP.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$534.7 million for the six months ended September 30, 2021, which consisted of \$309.7 million in proceeds from the Business Combination, \$250.0 million of proceeds from the PIPE Investment, and \$5.6 million in proceeds from the exercise of stock options, which were partially offset by \$30.6 million in payments of deferred offering costs.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

Our lease portfolio includes leased offices, dedicated lab facility and storage space, and dedicated data center facility space, with remaining contractual periods from 0.4 years to 8.8 years. Refer to Note 7, "*Leases*," of our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q for a summary of our future minimum lease obligations.

In the normal course of business, we enter into non-cancelable purchase commitments with various parties for purchases. Refer to Note 8, "*Commitments and Contingencies*," of our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q for a summary of our commitments as of September 30, 2022.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements also requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses, and related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from the estimates made by management. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows will be affected.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price of acquired businesses over the fair values attributed to underlying net tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets. We test goodwill each fiscal year on January 1<sup>st</sup> for impairment at the Consumer and Research Services reporting unit level. Goodwill is also tested for impairment whenever an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. Performance of the qualitative impairment assessment requires judgment in identifying and considering the significance of relevant events and circumstances, including external factors such as macroeconomic and industry conditions and the legal and regulatory environment, as well as entity-specific factors, such as actual and planned financial performance, that could impact the fair value of our Consumer and Research Services reporting unit. If, after assessing the totality of these qualitative factors, we determine that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then no additional assessment is deemed necessary. Otherwise, we will proceed to perform the quantitative impairment test in which the fair value of the reporting unit is compared with its carrying amount, and an impairment charge will be recorded for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, if any.

Our annual assessment for goodwill impairment was performed as of January 1, 2022. The assessment indicated that is it more likely than not that the fair value of the Consumer and Research Services reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount. We are not experiencing constraints on access to capital, poor financial performance, nor do we intend to scale down our business. We have not experienced any conditions that would require a write-down of our other assets, including long-lived assets. Therefore, no goodwill impairment charges were recorded as a result of our 2022 impairment analysis. Furthermore, in considering potential indicators of impairment, the Company has considered recent events and circumstances and concluded there is no evidence that changes our most recent conclusions.

Except as set forth above, there have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates as compared to those described in the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" set forth in the Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We have operations primarily within the United States and we are exposed to market risk in the ordinary course of our business. Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition. Nonetheless, if our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset such higher costs. Our inability or failure to do so could harm our business, results of operations or financial conditions.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

As of September 30, 2022, we had \$410.9 million in cash and cash equivalents. Our cash equivalents are comprised primarily of money market accounts held at banks. Due to the short-term nature of these instruments, we believe that we do not have any material exposure to changes in the fair value of our investment portfolio as a result of changes in interest rates. Declines in interest rates, however, would reduce future interest income and cash flows. A hypothetical 10% change in interest rates during the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 would not have had a material impact on our historical condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Our results of operations and cash flows are subject to fluctuations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Currently, substantially all our revenue and expenses are denominated in U.S. dollars. Revenue and expenses are remeasured each day at the exchange rate in effect on the day the transaction occurred. Our results of operations and cash flows in the future may be adversely affected due to an expansion of non-U.S. dollar denominated contracts and changes in foreign exchange rates. The effect of a hypothetical 10% change in foreign currency exchange rates applicable to our business would not have had a material impact on our historical condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. To date, we have not engaged in any hedging strategies. As our international activities grow, we will continue to reassess our approach to manage the risk relating to fluctuations in currency rates.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in company reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors and all instances of fraud. Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Further, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits must be considered relative to their costs. The design of disclosure controls and procedures also is based partly on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

As of September 30, 2022, as required by Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were not effective at the reasonable assurance level as of such date, due to the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting described below. Notwithstanding the identified material weakness, management has concluded that the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q present fairly, in all material respects, the Company's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods disclosed in accordance with GAAP.

#### Remediation Efforts to Address the Previously Disclosed Material Weakness

A material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting was identified as of March 31, 2021, and remains unremediated at September 30, 2022. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. The material weakness identified was a lack of sufficient resources in our finance function to meet our financial reporting requirements. This material weakness resulted in insufficient management review of journal entries, account reconciliations, and review of financial statements. Management continues to review and make necessary changes to the overall design of our internal control environment, including implementing additional internal controls over journal entries, account reconciliation, and the review of financial statements. We have added additional resources and expertise to our finance function to enhance the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting. The material weakness will not be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. Although we plan to complete this remediation process as quickly as possible, we cannot estimate at this time how long it will take.

#### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2022 covered by this Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The information set forth in Note 8, "Commitments and Contingencies," of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A., "Risk Factors," of the Fiscal 2022 Form 10-K.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

## Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

# Item 5. Other Information

None

## Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

## **Exhibit Index**

2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 4, 2021, by and among VG Acquisition Corp., Chrome Merger Sub, Inc., and 23andMe, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-39587), filed with the SEC on February 4, 2021).
2.2	First Amendment to the Merger Agreement, dated as of February 13, 2021, by and among VG Acquisition Corp., Chrome Merger Sub, Inc., and 23andMe, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4/A (File No. 333-254772), filed with the SEC on May 13, 2021).
2.3	Second Amendment to the Merger Agreement, dated as of March 25, 2021, by and among VG Acquisition Corp., Chrome Merger Sub, Inc., and 23andMe, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4/A (File No. 333-254772), filed with the SEC on May 13, 2021).
2.4	Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization, dated as of October 21, 2021, by and among 23andMe Holding Co., Life Merger Sub One, Inc., Life Merger Sub Two, Inc., Lemonaid Health, Inc., and Fortis Advisors LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-39587), filed with the SEC on October 22, 2021).
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
32.1**	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. 1350
32.2**	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. 1350
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (Embedded within the Inline XBRL document and included in Exhibit)
*	Filed herewith
**	Furnished herewith
+	Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

## **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## 23ANDME HOLDING CO.

Date: November 7, 2022 By: /s/ Anne Wojcicki

Name: Anne Wojcicki

Chief Executive Officer and President

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 7, 2022 By: /s/ Joseph Selsavage

Name: Joseph Selsavage

Interim Chief Financial and Accounting Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

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# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

## I, Anne Wojcicki, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 23andMe Holding Co. for the quarter ended September 30, 2022;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - i. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - ii. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - iii. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - iv. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - ii. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2022 By: /s/ Anne Wojcicki

Name: Anne Wojcicki Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Joseph Selsavage, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 23andMe Holding Co. for the quarter ended September 30, 2022;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - i. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - ii. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - iii. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - iv. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - ii. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2022 By: /s/ Joseph Selsavage

Name: Joseph Selsavage Interim Chief Financial and Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of 23andMe Holding Co. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2022 By: /s/ Anne Wojcicki

Name: Anne Wojcicki

Chief Executive Officer and President

(Principal Executive Officer)

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of 23andMe Holding Co. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2022 By: /s/ Joseph Selsavage

Name: Joseph Selsavage

Interim Chief Financial and Accounting Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)